

RECYCLING PLASTICS IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES: PROPERTIES OF NOVEL POLYMER-SAND COMPOSITES PRODUCED FROM WASTE PLASTICS

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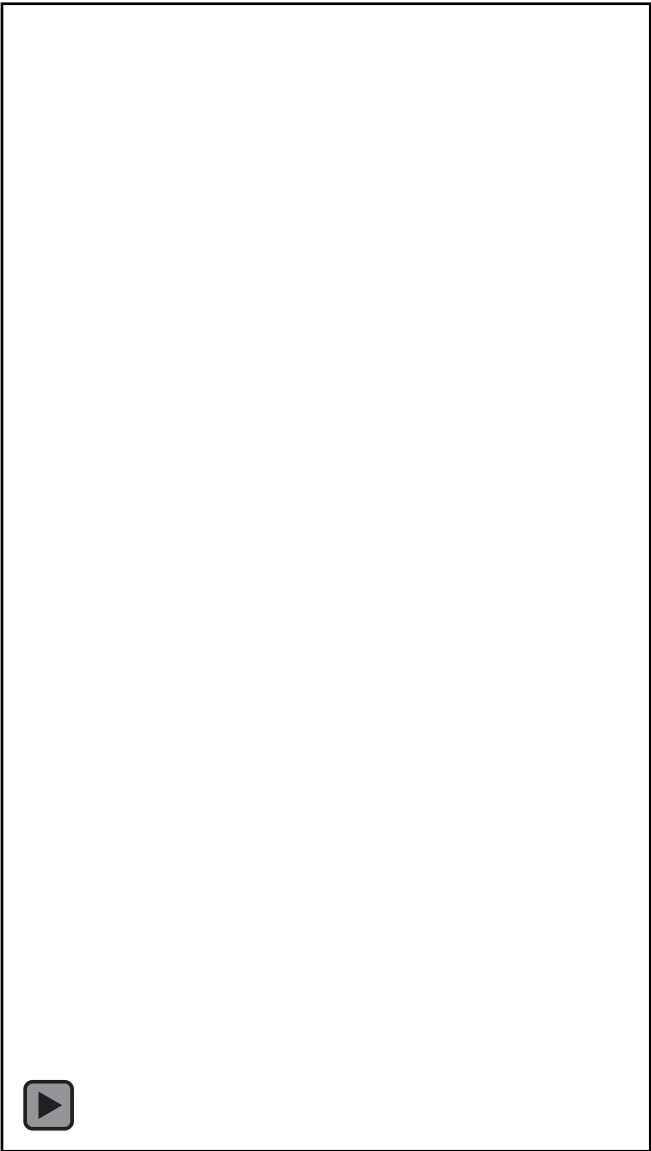
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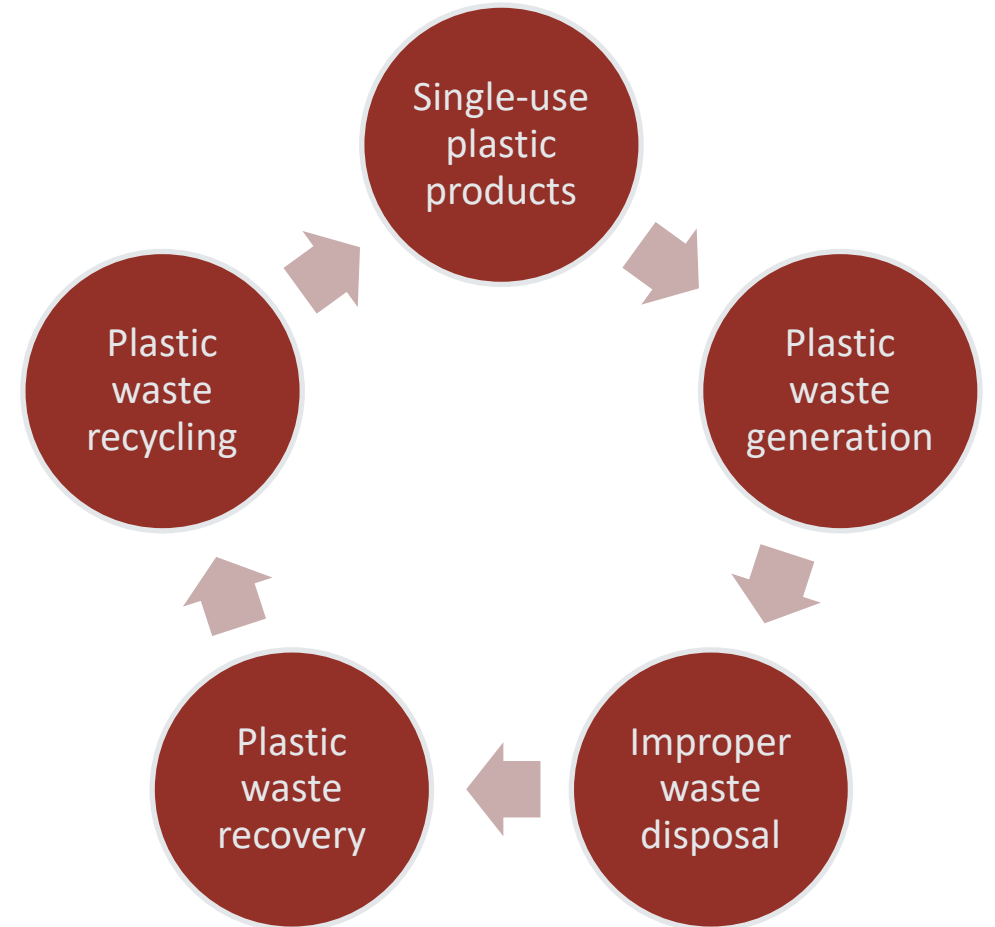


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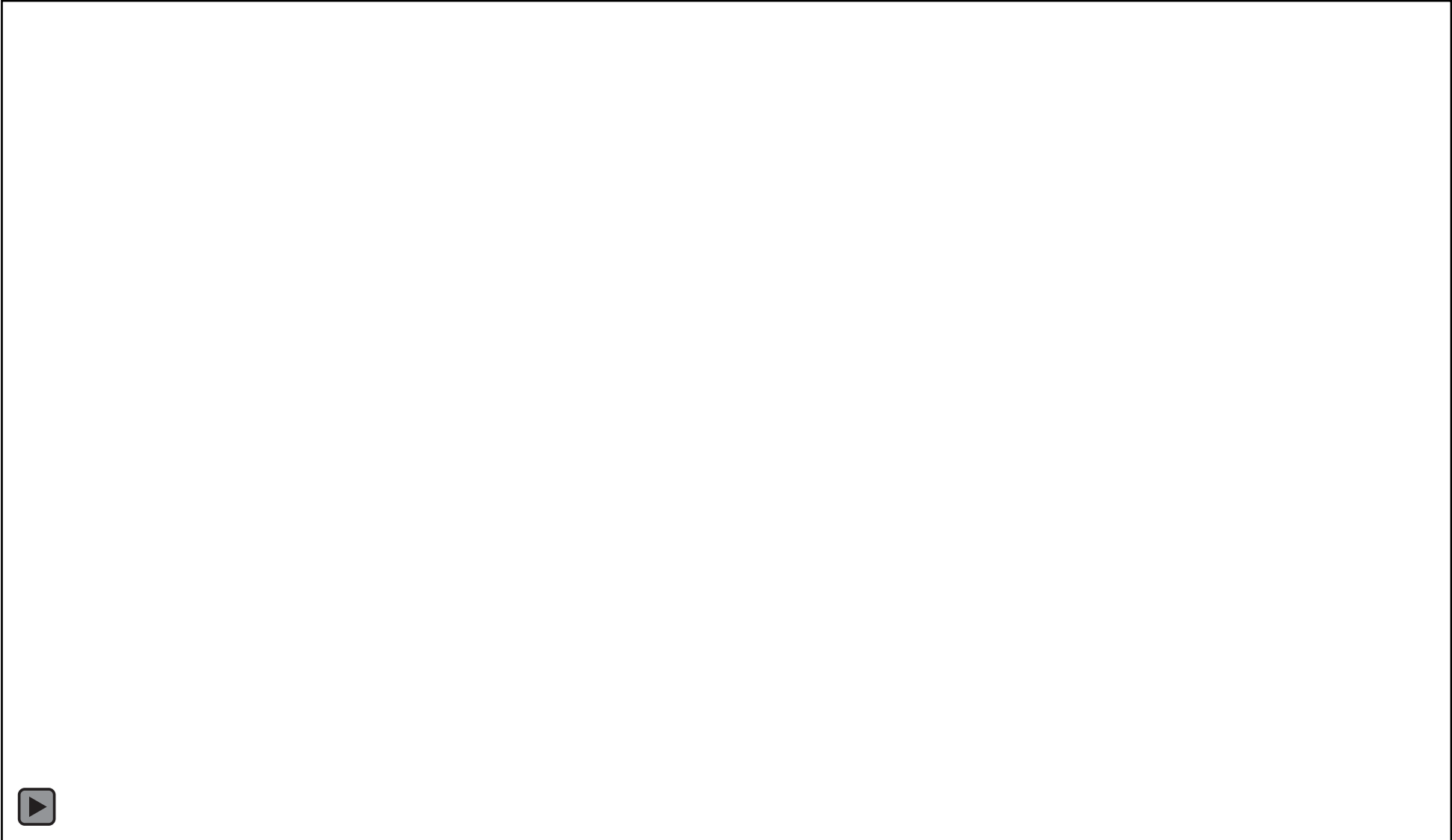


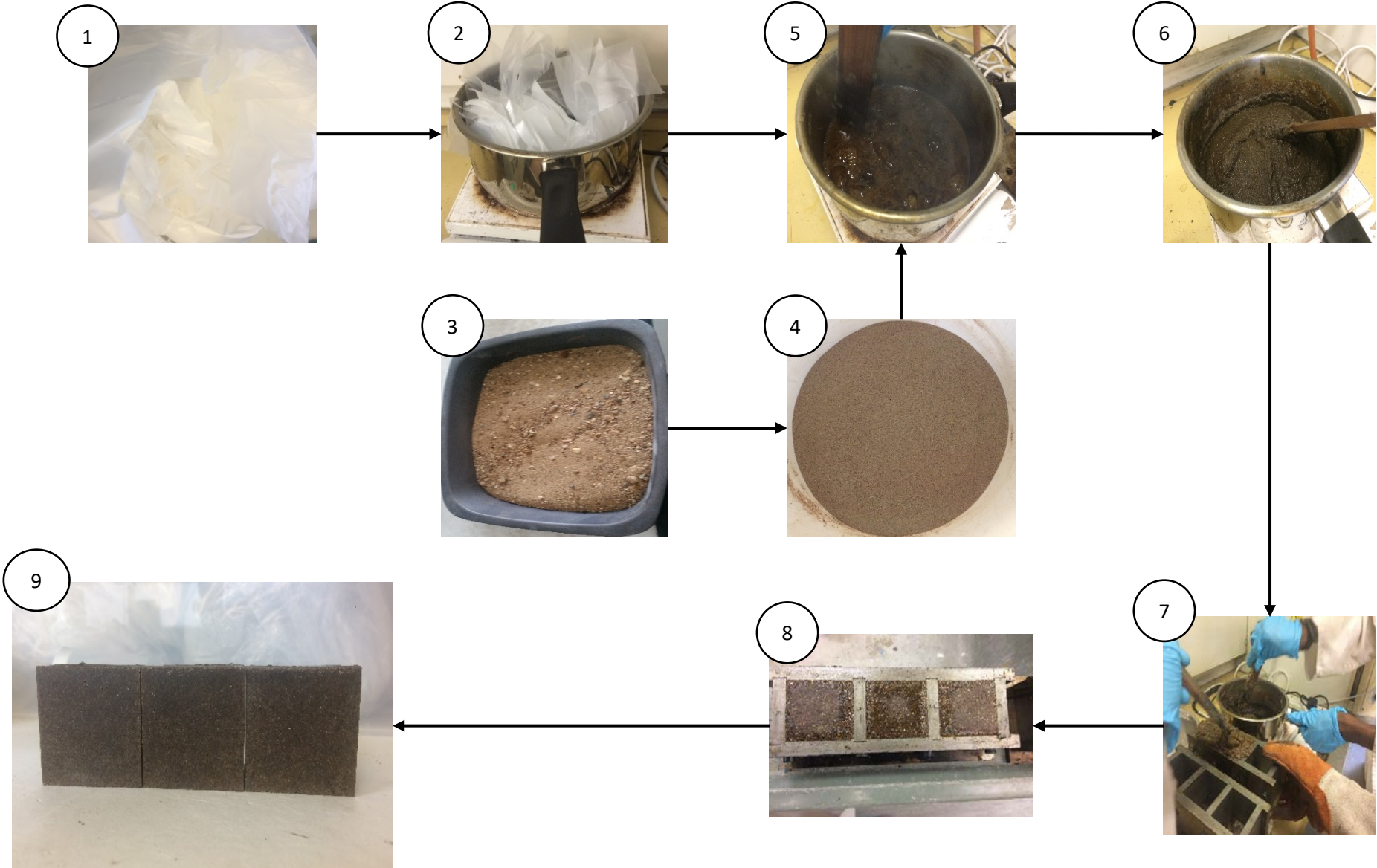


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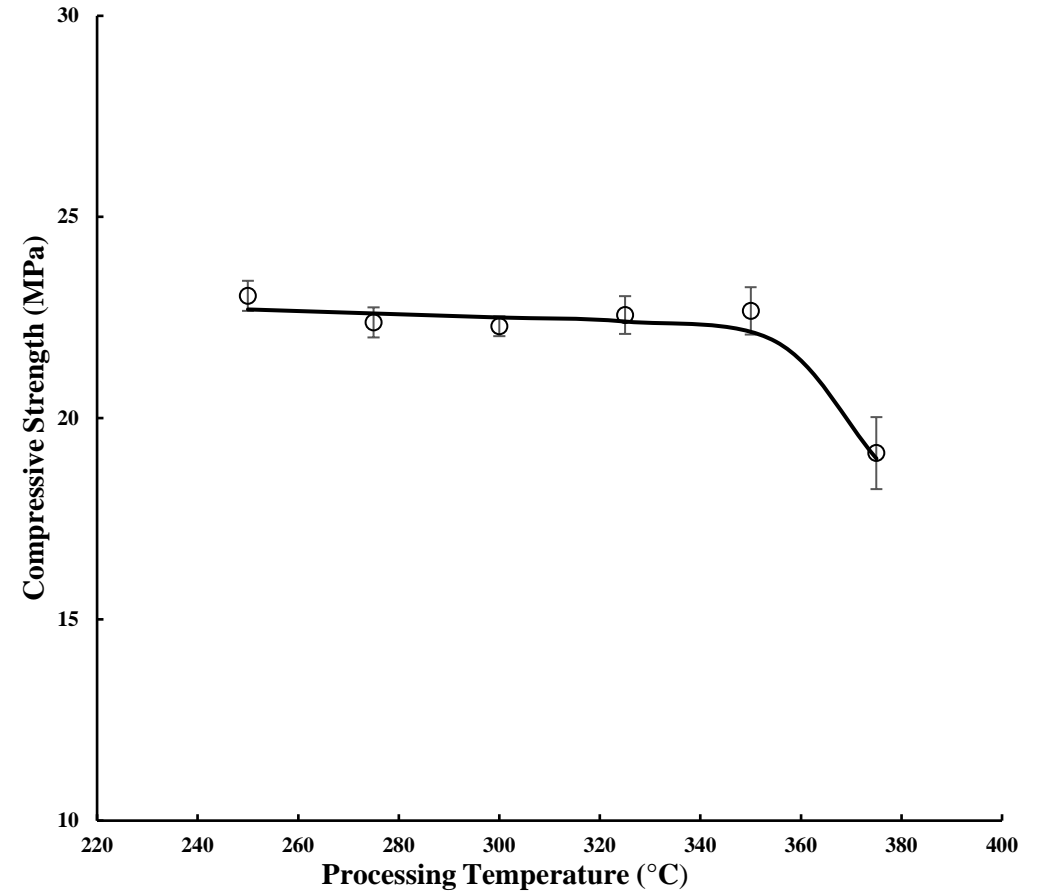
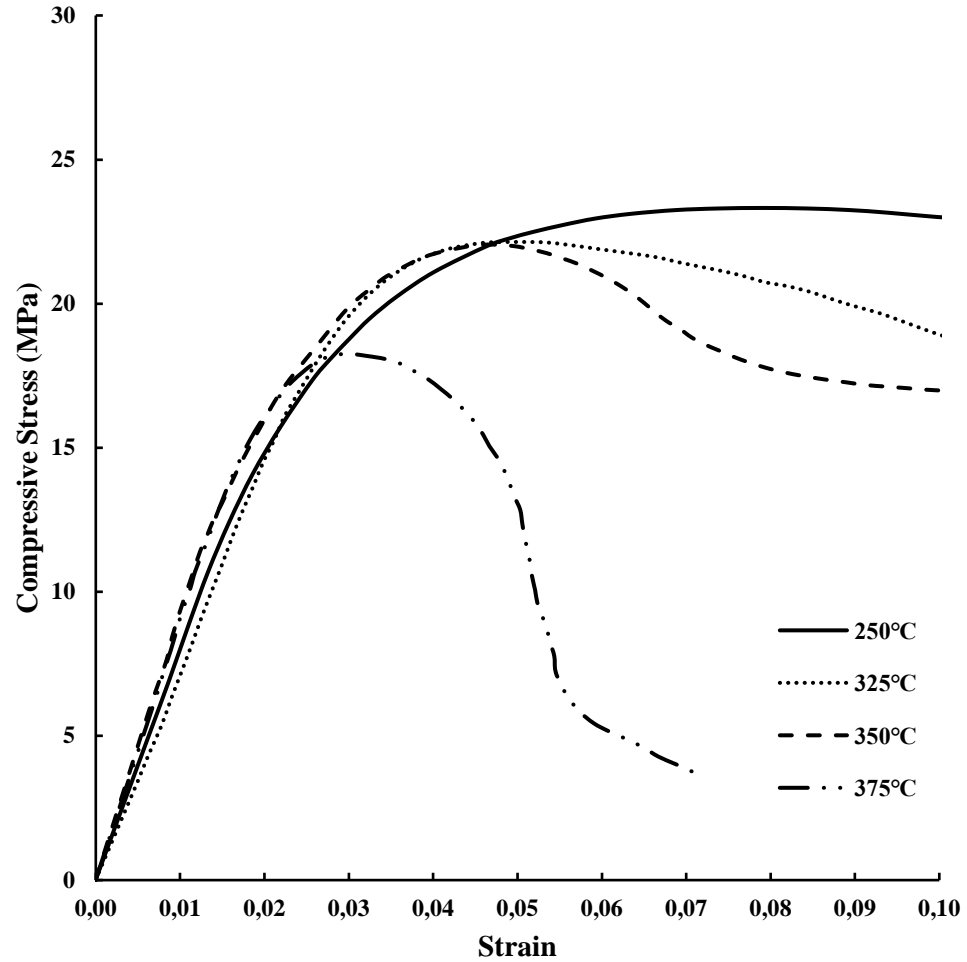


Value-added products drive informal-sector plastic recovery in developing countries

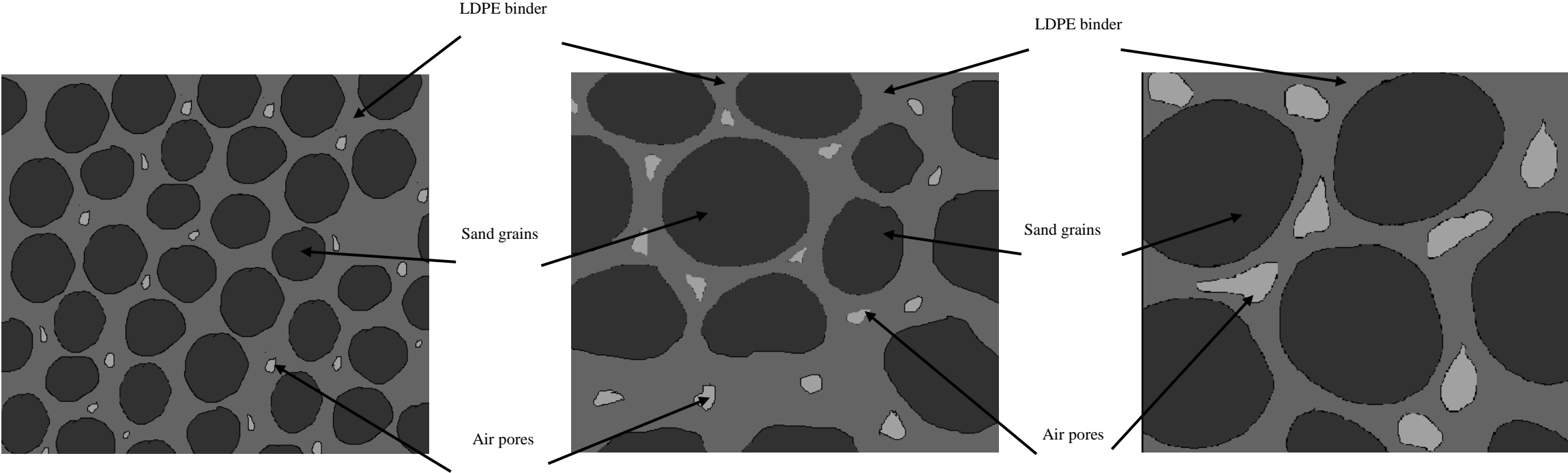




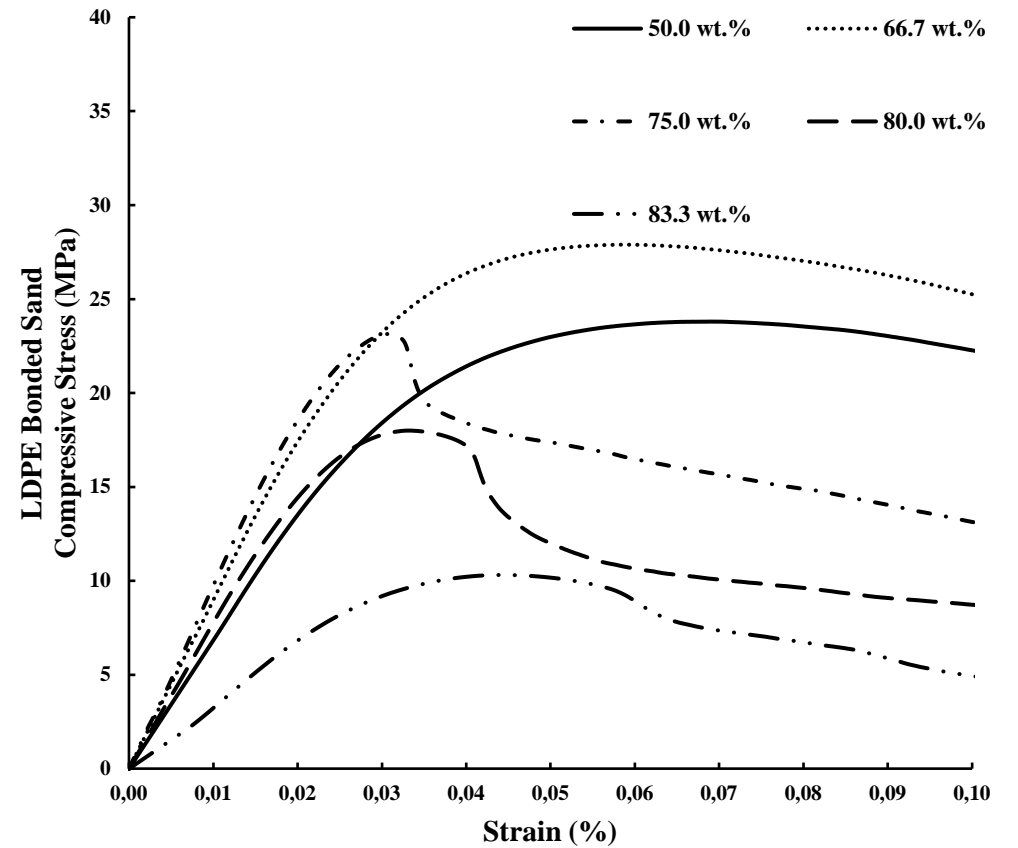
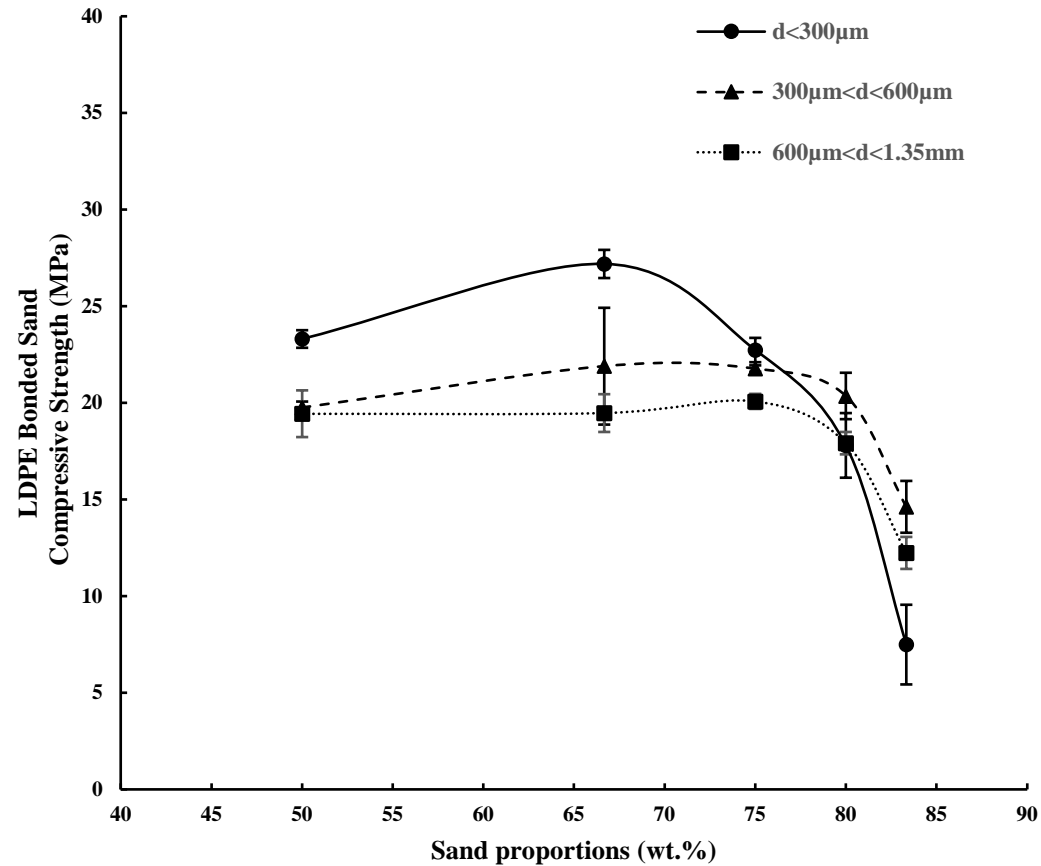
Experiment	Plastic type	Sand to plastic proportions		Sand particle size (d in mm)	Processing parameters		Number of samples
		ratio	wt. %		Temp. (°C)	Time (min)	
Effect of processing temperature on compressive strength	LDPE	3	75.0	d<0.30	250	32	3
		3	75.0	d<0.30	275	32	3
		3	75.0	d<0.30	300	32	3
		3	75.0	d<0.30	325	32	3
		3	75.0	d<0.30	350	32	3
		3	75.0	d<0.30	375	32	3
Effect of processing temperatures on flexural strength	LDPE	3	75.0	d<0.30	250	17 and 27	10
		3	75.0	d<0.30	275	17 and 27	10
		3	75.0	d<0.30	300	17 and 27	10
		3	75.0	d<0.30	325	17 and 27	10
		3	75.0	d<0.30	350	17 and 27	10
		3	75.0	d<0.30	375	17 and 27	10
Effect of thermoplastic binder type on compressive strength	LDPE	1	50.0	d<0.30	200-300	70	3
	LDPE	2	66.7	d<0.30	200-300	70	3
	LDPE	3	75.0	d<0.30	200-300	70	3
	LDPE	4	80.0	d<0.30	200-300	70	3
	LDPE	5	83.3	d<0.30	200-300	70	3
	HDPE	1	50.0	d<0.30	250-300	90	3
	HDPE	2	66.7	d<0.30	250-300	90	3
	HDPE	3	75.0	d<0.30	250-300	90	3
	HDPE	4	80.0	d<0.30	250-300	90	3
	HDPE	5	83.3	d<0.30	250-300	90	3
Effect of sand proportions and particle size on PBS properties	LDPE	1-5	50%-83.3%	d<0.30	200-300	70	15
	LDPE	1-5	50%-83.3%	0.30<d<0.60	200-300	70	15
	LDPE	1-5	50%-83.3%	0.60<d<1.35	200-300	70	15
	HDPE	1-5	50%-83.3%	d<0.30	250-300	90	15
	HDPE	1-5	50%-83.3%	0.30<d<0.60	250-300	90	15
	HDPE	1-5	50%-83.3%	0.60<d<1.35	250-300	90	15



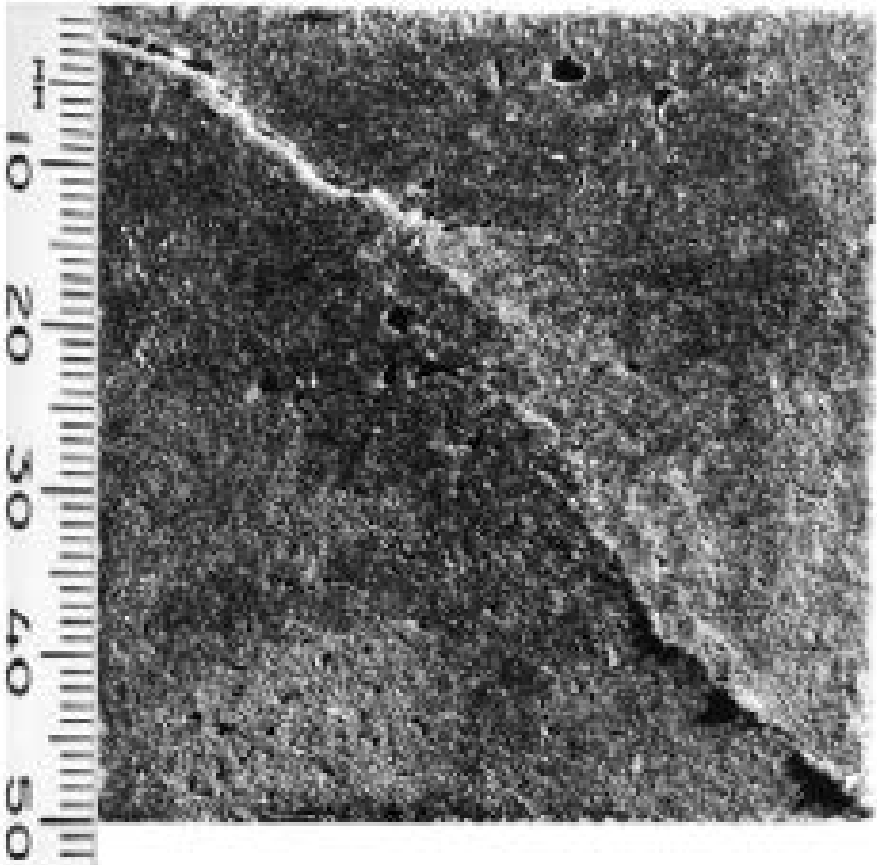
Effect of filler sizes and proportions on mechanical properties



Effect of filler sizes and proportions on mechanical properties



Compressive Force





resintile



Pierre Kamsouloum



Conceptos Plasticos

Designation	Minimum average compressive strength (MPa)	Maximum water absorption (%)	LBS	HBS
Building brick (ASTM-C62)				
SW	20.7	13.26	√	√
MW	17.2	19.36	√	√
NW	10.3	No limit	√	√
Facing brick (ASTM-C216)				
SW	20.7	13.26	√	√
MW	17.2	19.36	√	√
Thin veneer brick (ASTM-C1088)				
Ext.	17.2	13.26	√	√
Int.	17.2	19.36	√	√
Pedestrian and light traffic paving brick (ASTM-C902)				
SX	27.6	8	x	√
MX	20.7	14	√	√
NX	20.7	No limit	√	√
Heavy vehicular paving brick (ASTM-C1272)				
F	69.0	6	x	x
R	55.2	6	x	x
Solid interlocking paving units (ASTM C936)				
	50.0	7	x	x

Key: LBS-LDPE Plastic bonded sand, HBS- HDPE Plastic bonded sand, SW-For use in severe weathering conditions, MW-For use in Medium weathering conditions, NW for use in negligible weathering conditions, Ext- Grade Exterior: for use where high resistance to cyclic freezing and thawing damage is desired, Int- Grade Interior: for use where moderate resistance to cyclic freezing and thawing damage is permissible, SX-For use where brick may be frozen with saturated water, MX- for exterior use where freezing resistance is not required, NX- For exterior use but may be accepted for interior use where freezing resistance is required. F- Brick to be set in an aggregate setting bed, R- Brick to be set in mortar or bituminous setting beds.

Supported communities in **9** countries

Developed **34** community recycling facilities

Trained **363** recycling entrepreneurs

Impacted **124,000** lives

Toolkit inspiring another **25,000** people in **193** countries

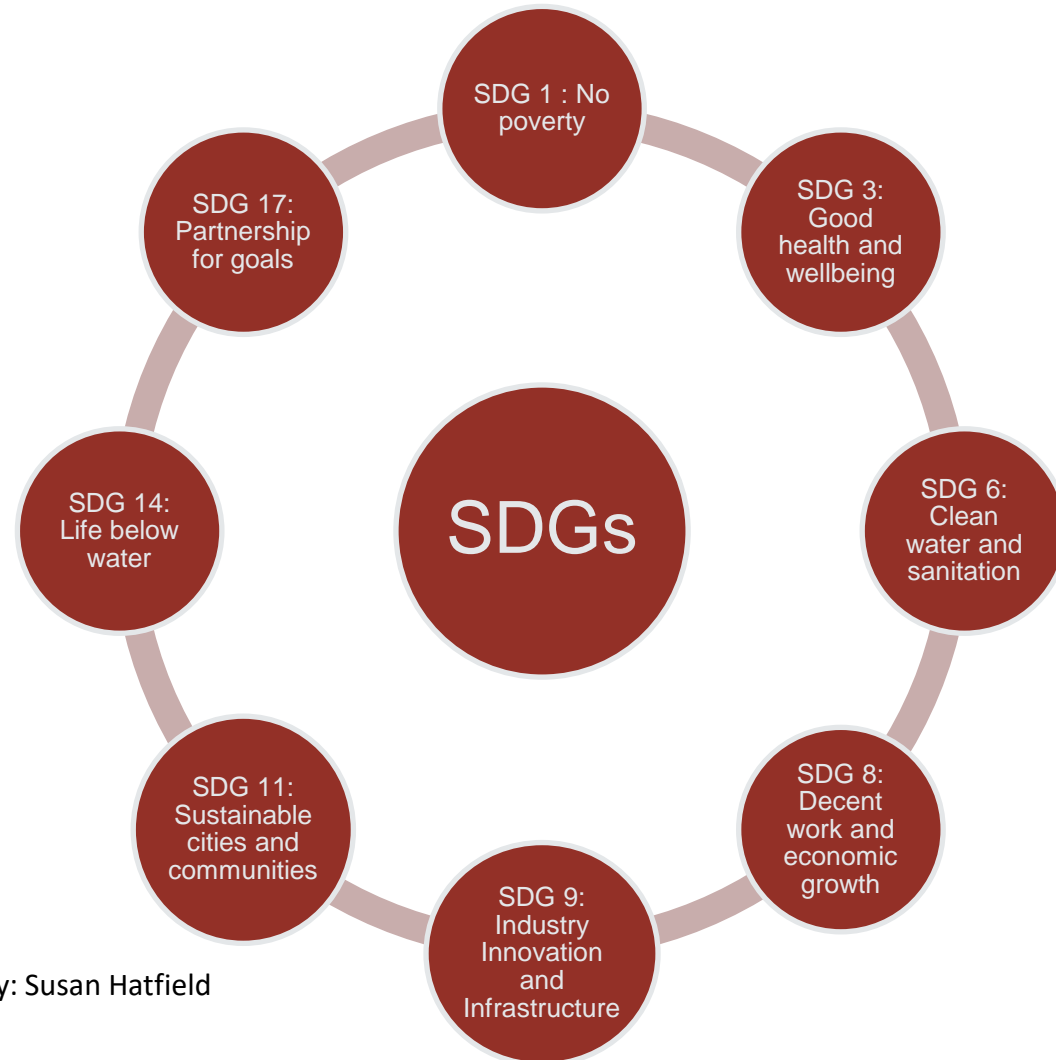


MAKING WASTE WORK

By: Zoë Lenkiewicz and Mike Webster. Illustrated by: Susan Hatfield
Wasteaid.org.uk/toolkit



Kumi-Larbi Jnr, Alexander; Yunana, Danladi; Kamsouloum, Pierre; Webster, Mike; Wilson, David C.; Cheeseman, Christopher (2018) **Recycling waste plastics in developing countries: Use of low-density polyethylene water sachets to form plastic bonded sand blocks.** Waste Management. [Online] 80, 112–118. Available from: doi:10.1016/j.wasman.2018.09.003.





Use of science and engineering to deliver **Innovation in Waste Processing** for a circular economy

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