

Pretreatment of lignocellulosic agricultural wastes using coal fly ash to enhance methane production by anaerobic digestion

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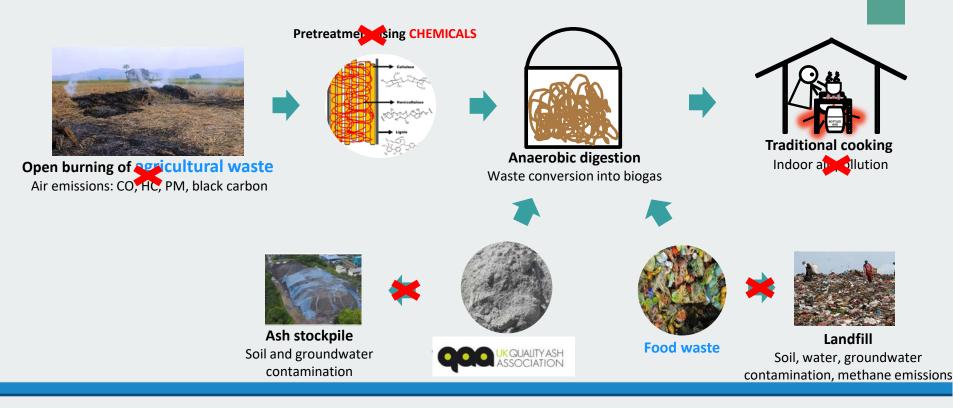
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Background

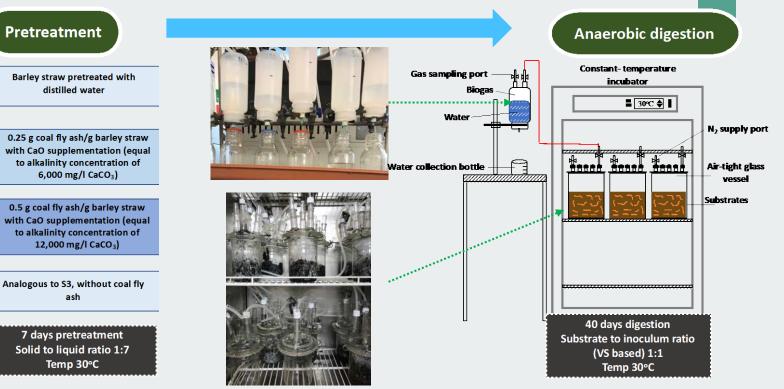


S3

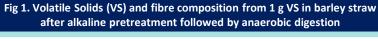
S5

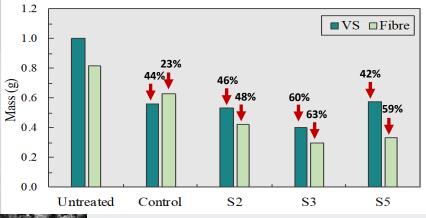
Methods





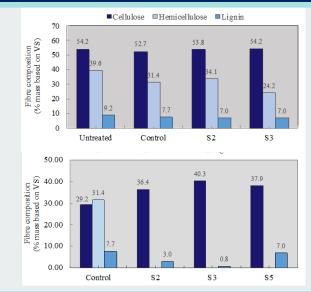
Results



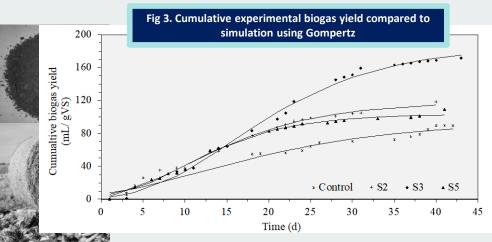


- In all pretreatment conditions, 16%-24% of lignin and 20.7% -39% of hemicellulose were solubilized. No significant changes in the cellulose composition were observed
- Significant reduction in all fibre components in the digested straw compared to pretreated straw → remaining components in pretreated straw can be easily utilised during AD

Fig 2. Fibre compositions after pretreatment (above) and after anaerobic digestion (below)

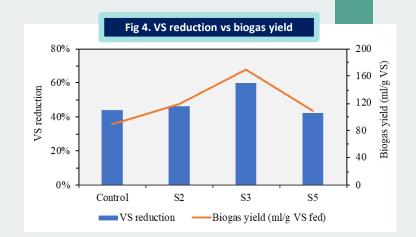


- In AD, the hemicellulose was converted entirely into soluble fraction, except that in control
- Higher alkaline concentration (S3) leads to higher hemicellulose solubilization in pretreatment



		Maximum biogas yield (ml biogas/g VS)		
		Based on experiment	Based on modified Gompertz model (ml biogas/g VS)	R ²
3	Control	89	94	0.9674
(書)	S2	118	118	0.9914
0	S3	171	187	0.9955
1000	S5	109	104	0.9952
MIC .				

Results



- The biogas yield in S3 is higher than its control (S5) --> there is an interaction between coal fly ash with the biogas yield
- The biogas yield in S2, S3 and S5 is 32.5%, 92%, 22% higher compared to control
- The coefficient of determination (R²) are close to 1, showing the experimental cumulative biogas yields are very close to the simulated values
- High alkalinity (11,000 mg/l CaCO₃) used in the pretreatment did not interfere with the AD process

Conclusions



- Alkaline pretreatment using coal fly ash supplemented by CaO solubilized hemicellulose and lignin and made all fibre components easier to digest in subsequent anaerobic digestion
- Biogas yield and VS reduction from the sample with coal fly ash addition were 55% and 39% higher respectively, compared to the sample under the same pretreatment conditions without coal fly ash
- Biogas yield and VS reduction from the sample with coal fly ash addition were 90% and 24% higher respectively, compared to the sample pretreated with water
- The synergistic effect may be attributed to the **supplementation of trace elements** from coal fly ash