

Presentation of Sustainable PFAS treatment technologies SAFF – Surface Active Foam Fractionation

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Talk Layout

- What is PFAS, and why it is a FAST !! growing issue in Leachates
- Short summery of available PFAS water treatment technologies and their challenges
- Presentation SAFF- Surface Active Foam Fractionation The first sustainable and suitable treatment method for complex waters and leachates
 - SHORT History
 - Results from full scale projects and Pilots
 - How it works and why
 - Summary of abilities and cost Yes it is true! We will tell you the operational costs !



PFAS – Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances - Forever chemicals

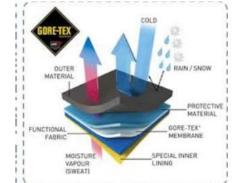


















PFAS in leachates and waste

- As many products, plastic, metal textile and (what else) contain PFAS, it leaches into our environment from landfilles and waste storages
- A mix of substances from short chains to long chains
- Landfills and waste storage facilities becomes point sources
 - → Leads to the creation of complimentary contamination source zones
 - → Leachate pass treatment systems not designes for PFAS
 - → Contaminates groundwater and surface waters, and many more environmental impacts

Leachate treatment soon a must in Sweden, Denmark and US.



PFAS Treatment technologies - Water

Adsorption

- Activated Carbon
- Ion exchange mass

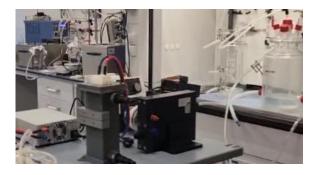
Concentration

• SAFF – Surface Active Foam Fractionation

Destruction

- Electrochemical Oxidation
- SCWO super criticl water oxidation
- Thermal destruction
- Sub-critical destruction







Envytech Solutions – Adsorption tech

Filter medias are sensitive for: particles, pH, conductivity cross-contaminants, other water chemistry , ex BOD, DOC, COD TOC

YES! 99,9% removal etc. But To what cost – All and all

- Cost for rental / buy of pre treatment tech, vessels
- Cost of running plants
- Chemicals for flocculation/precipitation
- Pre-filter medias
- Filter medias
- Service for pre treatment, backflushing etc
- Service for filtermedias exchange
- Cost for sludge handling system
- Cost of transport and deposition of sludge, WHERE?
- Cost of waste from used pre filter, incl Transport and deposition, WHERE?
- Cost of waste used filters, incl. Transport and deposition, WHERE?

pre-treatments





SAFF – Surface Active Foam Fractionation The Heavy Lifter in PFAS water treatment





Developed by OPEC systems Australia as a result of a grant from Australian Defence

First full scale plant comissioned in May 2019 in Oakey, Australia

Envytech <3 OPEC September 2019

First full scale mobile unit comissioned in Sweden February 2021

Chosen technology for EU grants Horizon2020 as well as EU LIFE To evaluate leachate treatment and other complex waters







SAFF[™] Surface Active Foam Fractionation

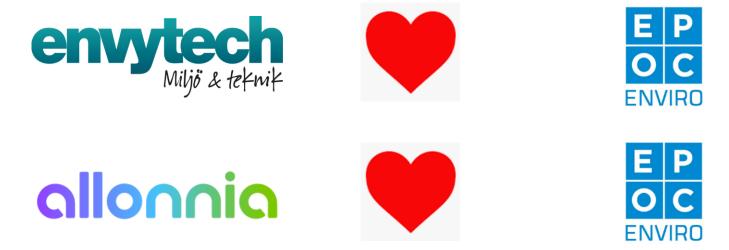
'AIR IN - PFAS OUT'

Sustainable Lead Treatment – in a Multi-stage WTP (PFAS)









Exclusive Distributor Scandinavia / Europe UK – in partnership with Cornelsen





It started in Australia – Oakey Military Base

- Military Base
- Fire fghting Foam usage
- First SAFF for PFAS in the world
- 3 year since start
- > 80 000 m3 treated
- Now becoming head treatment option for Australian Defence
- For PFAS water treatment

			*** Aust. Defence Approval to Share ***						
			OPEC Systems; AACO Defence Base (Army Aviation Centre						
ge			GW (including ad-hoc site civil SW additions), Alluvial Site						
0			Full-scale Remedation						
				Rem. J Paper in-submission (Sep 2021)					
n the				SAFF40-3YR FT (Commissioned May 2019)					
				12Mth Av. Data (collected weekly Oct 2020 - Oct 2021)					
			PFAS Species	Aeration					
			•	Venturi: 21mins					
	Brusseau et.al. 2021			Treatment Vol: 100-250m ³ /day (max. 500m ³ /day)					
	Adsorption Coefficient (K _H) m[x10 ⁻⁶]	C-Chain		Feed Water Conc (ug/l)	Treatment Results T ₂₁ (ug/l)	% Removal			
	0,017	C4	PFBA	0,224	0,142	36.6%			
	0,18	C4	PFBS	0,18	0,092	48.9%			
	0,058	C5	PFPeA	0,594	0,362	39.1%			
	-	C5	PFPeS	0,168	0,079	53%			
nent	0,22	C6	PFHxA	0,755	0,402	47%			
	0,97	C6	PFHxS	1,026	<u><</u> 0.017	98,4%			
	0,58	C7	PFHpA	0,367	0,068	81%			
	5,1	C7	PFHpS	0,117	<u><</u> 0.001	100%			
	2,3	C8	PFOA	0,475	<u><</u> 0.001	100%			
	23	C8	PFOS	2,786	<u>≤</u> 0.004	100%			
	-	C8	6:2-FTS	0,10	<0.006	100%			



Telge Återvinning – Results

Some results over a 16 month period

>150 000 m3 treated

Flow rate: 20 m3/h

Waste: ca 1-2 m3/ 40 000 m3 treated

Ämne	Removal rate % Telge SAFF40 18 min	Removal rate % Telge SAFF40 18 min	Removal rate % Telge SAFF40 18 min	Removal rate % Telge SAFF40 18 min	Telge SAFF40 18 min	Removal rate % Telge SAFF40 18 min	Average Removal Rate >80 000 m3
	2021-02-27	2021-03-20	2021-05-28	2021-07-02	2021-08-20	2021-09-25	
PFHxS (Perfluorhexansulfonsyra)	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
PFNA (Perfluornonansyra)	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
PFOA (Perfluoroktansyra)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
6:2 FTS (Fluortelomer sulfonat)	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
PFOS (Perfluoroktansulfonsyra)	99%	100%	99%	98%	97%	99%	99 %
PFDA (Perfluordekansyra)	58%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	93 %
PFHpA (Perfluorheptansyra)	100%	100%	99%	99%	97%	99%	99%
PFHxA (Perfluorhexansyra)	69%	91%	39%	44%	19%	38%	50%
PFBS (Perfluorbutansulfonsyra)	43%	87%	6%	18%	0%	18%	29%
PFPeA (Perfluorpentansyra)	22%	60%	0%	0%	16%	0%	16%
PFBA (Perfluorbutansyra)	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	1%



Welcome to Telge Återvinning





Telge Återvinning – Site specifics

And we do have VERY MUCH! algae and zooflagellates in our water







miniSAFF – Bench scale testing unit



cornelsen



miniSAFF – Bench scale testing unit

IVL test for Avfall Sverige Rapport 2021:02 Foam Fractionation (leachate and municipal waste water

Leachate from 5 landfills tested by IVL and Envytech

		OPEC		Half life in	Rapport 2021:02
		Prediction	IVL/Envytech	Human	Avfall Sveriges Utvecklingssatsning ISSN 1103-4092
	Antal	model GW	tests with	body	
Ämne	kolatomer	(full sc ale)	leachate	(years)	RENING AV PFAS-FÖRORENAT
PFDA (Perfluordekansyra)	C10	100%	100%	5,6	VATTEN FRÅN AVFALLS-
PFNA (Perfluornonansyra)	C9	100%	100%	2,8	ANLÄGGNINGAR
6:2 FTS (Fluortelomer sulfonat)	C8	100%	100%	0,08	
PFOA (Perfluoroktansyra)	C8	100%	100%	3,3	From frontionation (loophate and municipal
PFOS (Perfluoroktansulfonsyra)	C8	100%	100%	5,7	Foam fractionation (leachate and municipal wastewater)
PFHpA (Perfluorheptansyra)	C7	80%	80%	0,44	Leachate from 5 landfills tested by IVL and Envytech in cooperation with OPEC Systems using bench-scale unit
PFHxS (Perfluorhexansulfonsyra)	C6	99%	99%	9,9	Consumbated r (PL/Encytche) MatMatin DPEC Systems Extension tests with human (bit stable Modely CP)
PFHxA (Perfluorhexansyra)	C6	20-30%	30%	0,06	100 30 30 4 30 5 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
PFPeA (Perfluorpentansyra)	C5	25-35%	20%	0,1	VIPAL 23-36 20% 001 01 VIPAL 20-36 80% 0.07 60% VIPAL 20-36% 30% 0.09 20% VIPAL 20-36% 30% 0.09 20%
PFBA (Perfluorbutansyra)	C4	20-20%	10%	0,009	PFRA 100% 0.04 2 PFRA 100% 4.0 2 1 PFRA 100% 4.0 0.01 0.11 1 PFRA 100% 0.05 0.01 0.01 0.11 1 PFRA 100% 0.09 0.09 1Haff Brit Insuran Brook y 1 1
PFBS (Perfluorbutansulfonsyra)	C4	30-40%	30%	0,107	Removes the potentially most toxic PFAS Potentially extremely competitive option for waters with high DOC Volume reduction factor needs to be confirmed for "dirdy" water
Summa PFAS		30-70%			Null PR42 REMOVAL METHOD Numer enduction factor needs to be confirmed for "dirty" water Null PR42 REMOVAL METHOD Numerical confirmed for "dirty" water Null PR42 REMOVAL METHOD Numerical confirmed for "dirty" water Null PR42 REMOVAL METHOD





NSR Landfill – Results

Project period : september 2021-february 2022

Total volume treated: 27 000 m3

Flow rate: 18 m3/h

Waste: 220 I / 27 000 m3 treated

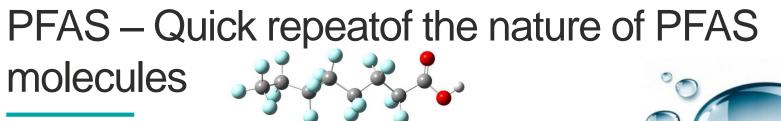
		Inlet	Outlet	Removal rate	Inlet	Outlet	Removal rate	Inlet	Outlet	Removal rate
Ämne	Enhet	2021-09-17	2021-09-17	2021-09-17	2021-10-15	2021-10-15	2021-10-15	2021-10-22	2021-10-22	2021-10-22
PFDA (Perfluordekansyra)	ng/l	11	<1,0	100%	19	<1,0	100%	8	<1,0	100%
PFNA (Perfluornonansyra)	ng/l	31	<1,0	100%	30	<1,0	100%	21	<1,0	100%
PFOS (Perfluoroktansulfonsyra)	ng/l	240	5,5	<mark>98%</mark>	230	3,4	99%	120	2,6	98%
PFOA (Perfluoroktansyra)	ng/l	330	4,3	99%	560	7,3	99%	490	3,8	99%
6:2 FTS (Fluortelomer sulfonat)	ng/l	870	32	96%	880	22	98%	830	10	99%
PFHpA (Perfluorheptansyra)	ng/l	280	110	61%	1000	79	92%	740	50	93%
PFHxS (Perfluorhexansulfonsyra)	ng/l	130	3,1	<mark>98%</mark>	200	3,3	98%	140	1,8	99%
PFHxA (Perfluorhexansyra)	ng/l	600	570	5%	640	620	3%	590	420	29%
PFPeA (Perfluorpentansyra)	ng/l	690	650	6%	660	740	0%	530	630	0%
PFBS (Perfluorbutansulfonsyra)	ng/l	140	130	7%	140	140	0%	120	99	18%
PFBA (Perfluorbutansyra)	ng/l	470	440	6%	310	310	0%	340	400	0%
Summa PFAS SLV 11	ng/l	3800	1900	50%	4700	1900	60%	3900	1600	59%



How it works and why







Perflourinated substances has: Hydrophilic head – Head loves water Hydrophobic tail – Tail hates water



The bubble becomes the perfect environment
 C6 PFAS and above – tail sticks in the bubble, easy to remove
 More scientific wording: Langmuir constant > 1x 10-6 can be caught



• Som C6 and shorter chains (< 1 x 10-6) do get caught but get released before getting collected – becomes top section swimmers

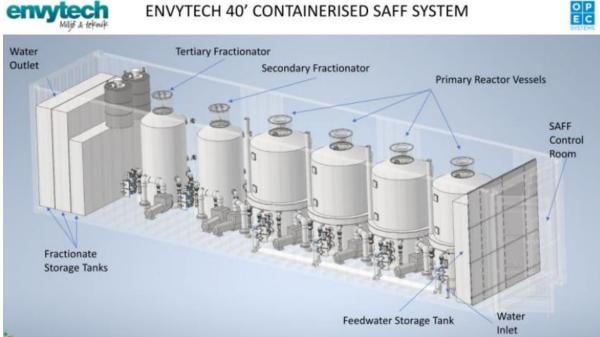


Mobile treatment, winter islotated "Plug and play"

- Tuning after start up needed because all waters are different, approx 2 days
- Remote surveilance, fine tuning, 24 h / 7 day controlled
- You can follow flow, status, electricity used, total volume and more via the app!
- Every pump, valve and sensor, reports data continusly. We can see exactly when , what and where a problem has occurd and can usually fix it remotely straight away







SAFF uses the air bubbles physiochemistry as the perfect environment for PFAS to get them out of solution and into a removable foam

By "final push", we get some shorter chain removal







Primary step: 10 x conc

Secondary Step: 1500 x conc

Tertiary Step: 500-200 x conc





How it works and why



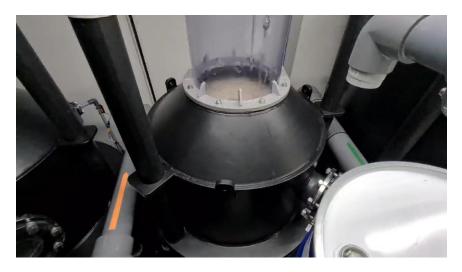




Primary Fractionation: 10 x concentrationen (of volume)







Secondary Fractionation: 1 500 x concentrationen Tertiery Fractionation: 50 – 200 x Concentration

Total concentration increase: 500 - 200 000 x concentration



SAFF Economics

Wonderful results! But how much does it cost ?

Rental or Buy: Ask us for a quote

Capacity : > 40 m3/h or 20 m3/h

Installation: 40 h service technician. Included in rental at long time hire.

Electricity: 0,7 kwh / m3 treated – Sweden: < 0,1 euro/ m3 treated

Service: 16 h service technician per month – depending on water

Waste From leachate: 0,2 - 3 m3 / 40 0000 m3 treated From GW: < 0,1 (10 liters) per 50 000 m3 treated

Possibility! No waste - "Closed loop" possibility within 6-12 months.





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