e-Governance in Solid Waste Management of Central Macedonia



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Regional Association of Solid Waste Management Agencies of Central Macedonia (FoDSA CM)

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7 Regional Units38 Municipalities1.8 million Citizens

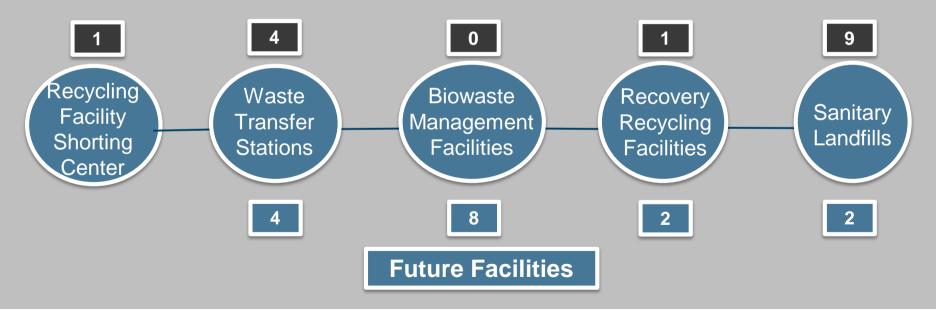
Solid Waste Facilities in the Region

The <u>mission</u> of FoDSA CM is the integrated treatment of Municipal solid waste, aiming to reach the targets that have been set by the European and National Laws. Its basic <u>priority</u> is the protection of the environment and the public health.



Facilities according to the Regional Waste Management Plan

Current Facilities





WEAKNESSES of the previous database system (BASIC SYSTEM)

Monitoring of waste data is **mandatory**...BECAUSE OF reporting obligations of waste legislation AND pricing policy

Reasons to leverage change:

01	time-consuming procedures	03	fragmented information	05	over-employment of staff to collect the data
02	difficulty in interconnecting	04	creation of multiple	06	comparability and reliability of

datasets

databases

οσοση

real time data

E-Governance



2030 Digital Compass

Digital Single Market Strategy



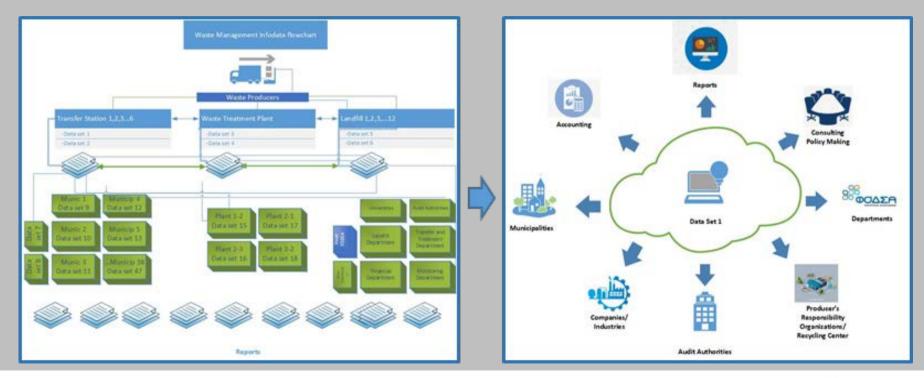
GR_Digital Transformation "bible" for the years 2020-2025

Digital solutions will help in the transition towards a climate neutral, circular and more resilient economy Online public services are crucial to increasing costefficiency and quality of services provided

Digital Waste Registry, aims at the valid tracking and monitoring of waste management



e-Governance in Solid Waste Management







New system requirements

Integrated Monitoring Information System in Solid Waste Management IMIS-SWM

01

To meet the requirements of management of each level (FoDSA Departments, General Assembly, personnel from the highest to the lowest level)

To ensure the appropriate correlations between FoDSA and Ministries, Municipalities, Private Companies

02

03

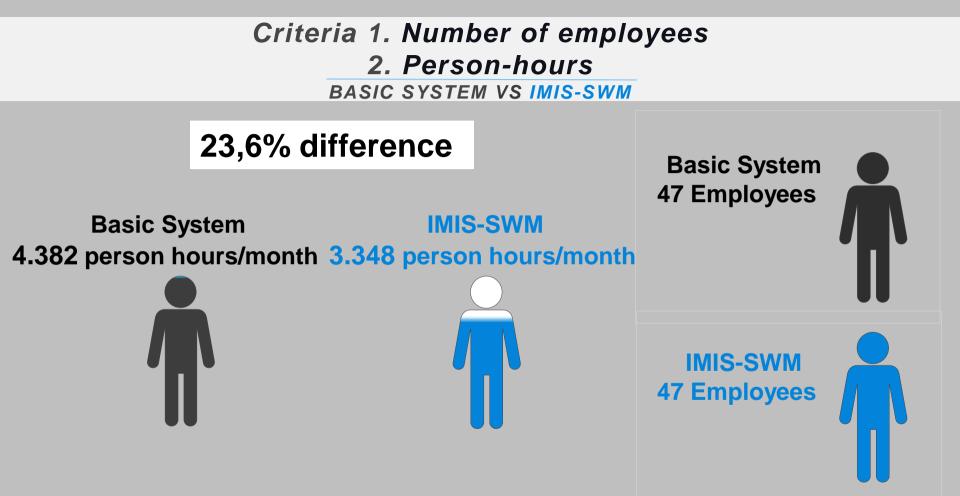
To allow the competent officials: -check that commitments are being fulfilled -introduce modifications -monitor rates of implementation and assess results,

Methodology

To export results the two monitoring systems were compared (Basic system and IMIS - SWM system). The main criteria checked concern the following variables:

- 1. The number of employees
- 2. The calculation of person-hours
- 3. The personnel cost calculation
- 4. The number of datasets (worksheets)
- 5. The qualitative composition of the errors- Risk









System	Personnel cost ∉month
Basic	44.258
IMIS-SWM	33.814

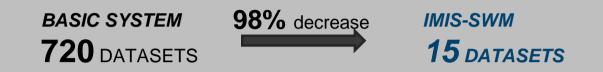
Benefit per year

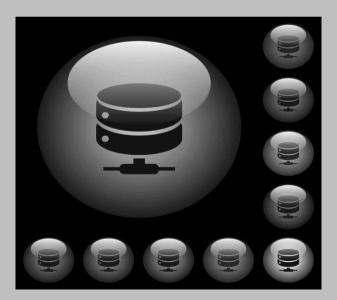


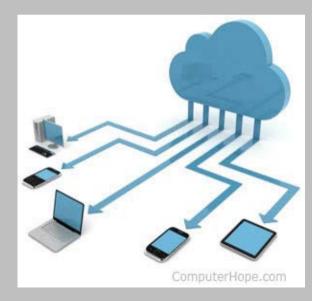


Criterion 4. Number of datasets

BASIC SYSTEM VS IMIS-SWM









Criterion 5. qualitative composition of the errors- Risk BASIC SYSTEM VS IMIS-SWM

Error factors	Basic system			IMIS- SWM system		
	Probability	Impact	Risk	Probability	Impact	Risk
Data entry of waste tonnage	3	5	15	1	5	5
Data entry of waste producer	5	5	25	1	5	5
Data entry of waste truck	5	3	15	1	3	3
Data entry of the debtor	3	5	15	1	5	5
Data entry of European Waste Code (EWC)	3	3	9	2	3	6
Data entry of waste transporter	2	5	10	1	5	5
Duplicate data entries	2	5	10	1	5	5

•Red flag 13-25 Unacceptable: Immediate action required to control the risk

•Amber flag 9-12 Issue: Action required to control the risk

•Yellow flag 5-8 Supplementary Issue: Action is advisable if it is cost-effective

•Green flag 1-4 Acceptable: No action required



Disclosure of results per criterion between two systems

Criterion	Basic system	IMIS-SWM system	
Number of employees	47	47	
Calculation of person-hours	4.382	3.348	
Personnel cost calculation (per month)	44.258,2	33.814,8	
Number of datasets (worksheets)	720	15	
Qualitative composition of the errors- Risk	Red and Amber area	Yellow and Green	



RECOMMENDATIONS

SKILLS

up-skilling of personnel

Provide training programs that will expand personnel's abilities and minimize skill gaps

DATA TRANSER

transfer historical data of the previous years from the Basic System to the new IMIS-SWM system, in order to have integrated information under one single database

INTERCONNECTION

connection and interoperability with other National databases and registers e.g. Digital Waste Registry, Digital Environmental Registry

CONNECTIVITY

Non-stop and high speed internet connection. Otherwise bottlenecks might occur leading to high traffic of vehicles





Thank you!

For any questions you may contact to d.tangilis@fodsakm.gr