Assessment of solvents for hydrothermal extraction of phenols from 2-phase olive pomace Georgia Altiparmaki^a, Konstantinos Moustakas^b, Stergios Vakalis^a

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Introduction

(HT) phenols from the olive pomace.

a Parr 6400 Calorimeter.

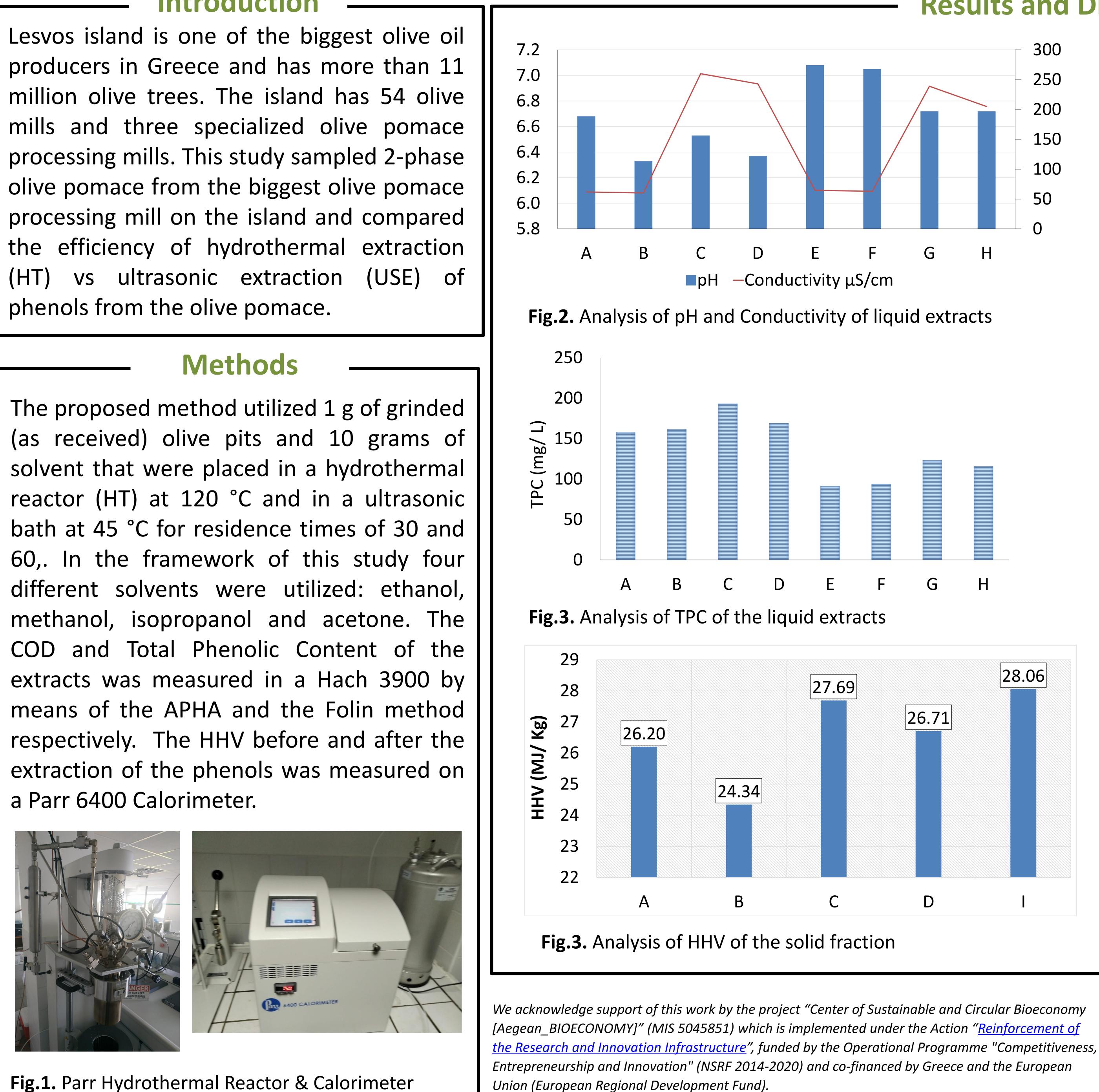


Fig.1. Parr Hydrothermal Reactor & Calorimeter





Results and Discussion

Description HT, 30 min (e) HT, 60 min (e) HT, 30 min (m) HT, 60 min (m) USE, 30 min (e) USE, 60 min (e) USE, 30 min (m) USE, 60 min (m) Blank

> The utilization of methanol increased significantly the conductivity of the liquid extracts. HT produced more acidic extracts than USE.

- reduced more the HHV of olive pomace.
- column MEGA-624.



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Sample
A
B
С
D
E
F
G
H

> HT produced extract with higher TPC than USE

 \succ The HHV of the olive pomace was reduced at all cases after the extraction since the extracts contain significant heating value. Longer extraction times

> Future work will focus on the specific profiling of the extracted phenols was assessed by means a Nexis 2300 GC with a BID (plasma) detector. The method EPA 624 was utilized along with the specialized

