

# Utilization of *Trametes versicolor* biomass for functional edible films production: a bioprocessing scheme based on cheese whey valorization



A. Papadaki<sup>1</sup>, V. Kachrimanidou<sup>1</sup>, A.-M. Theodosi-Kapsampeli<sup>1</sup>, I.K. Lappa<sup>1</sup>, Z. Gonou-Zagou<sup>2</sup>, N. Kopsahelis<sup>1,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Food Science and Technology, Ionian University, Argostoli, 28100, Kefalonia, Greece

<sup>2</sup> Department of Ecology and Systematics, Faculty of Biology, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens, Athens, Greece

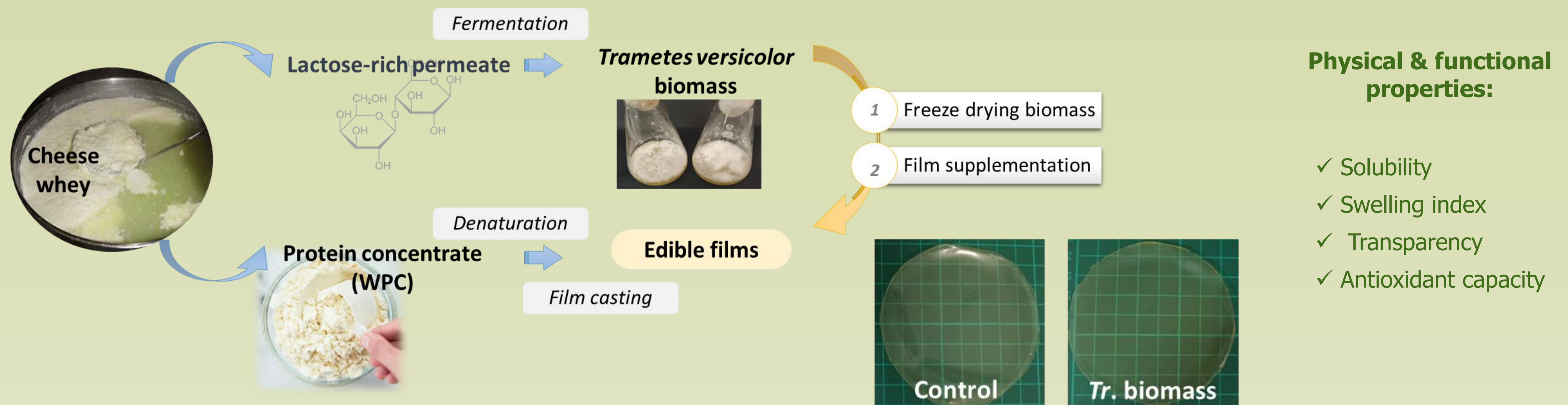


## Introduction

The biotechnological conversion of cheese whey into valuable products, through microbial fermentations utilizes only the lactose stream, whereas the protein fraction remains unexploited. A holistic valorization scheme could be established through the valorization of both by-product streams and the generation of new products that will be re-introduced in the food supply chain.

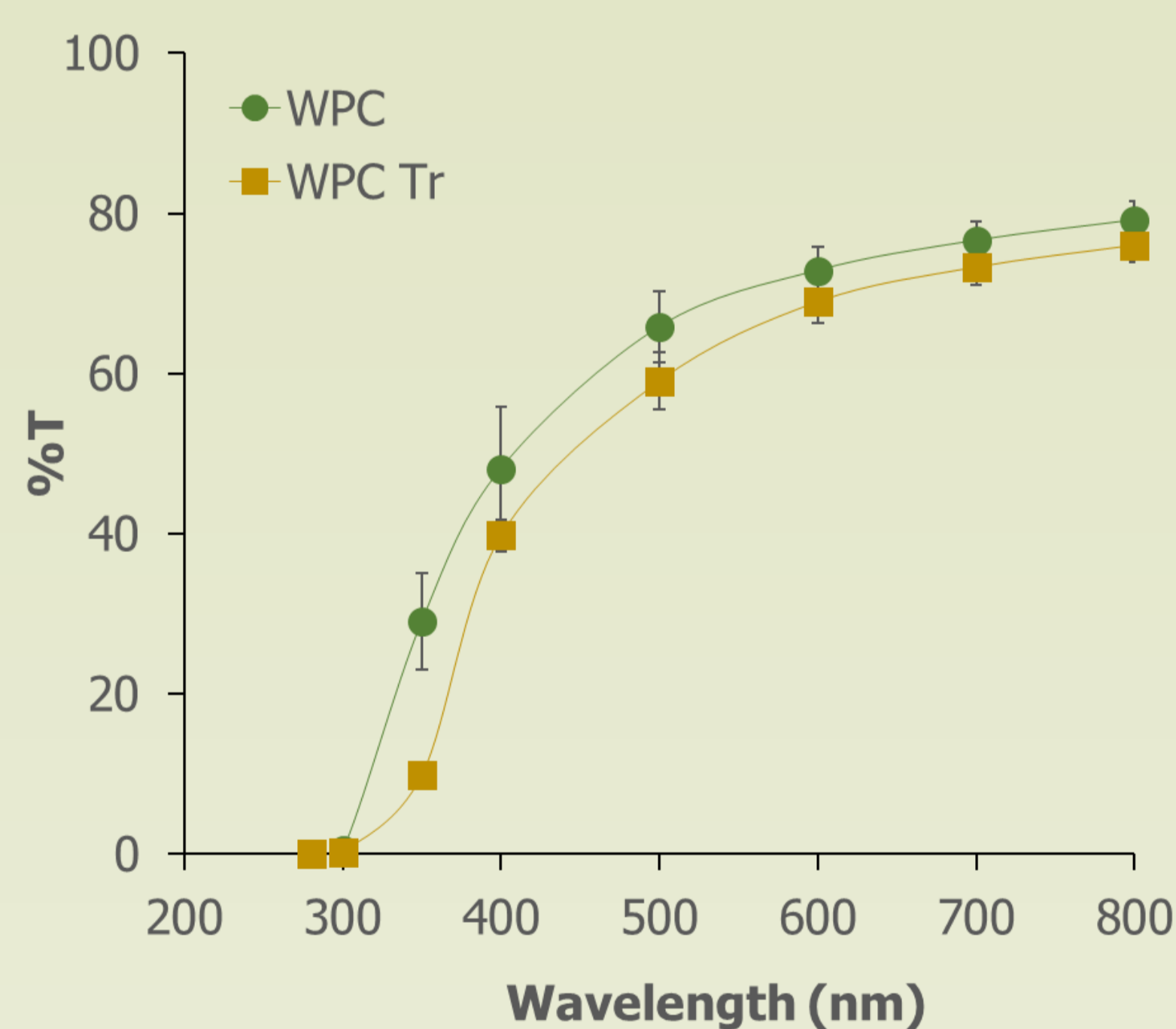
In this study, *Trametes versicolor*, a non-edible medicinal mushroom isolated from Kefalonia island, was employed in submerged fermentations using the lactose stream of cheese whey, whereas the protein one was utilized for edible films production. Subsequently, whey protein films were supplemented by the freeze-dried biomass of the medicinal fungus. The effect of biomass addition on the physical and functional properties was evaluated.

## Experimental set-up

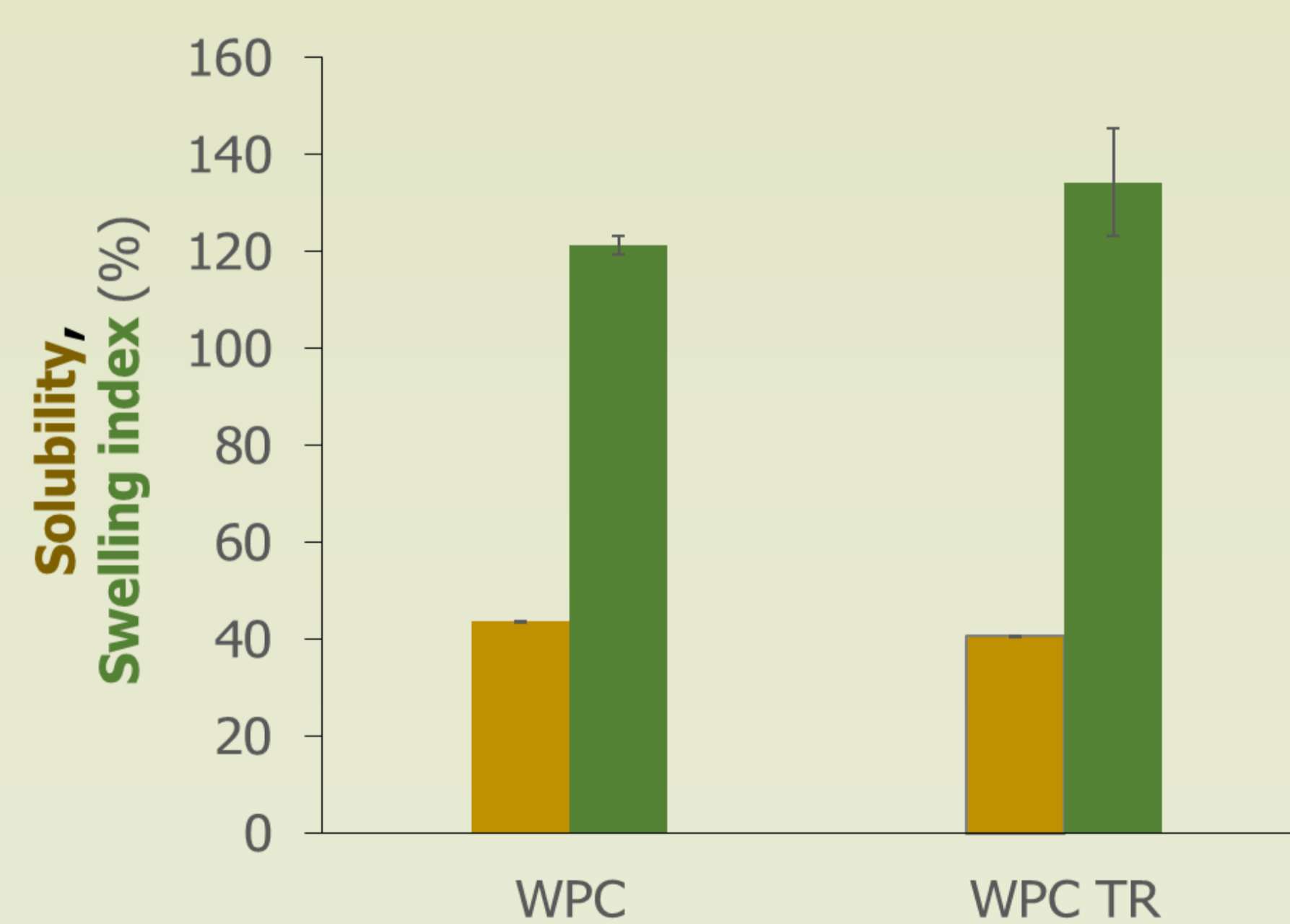


## Results & Discussion

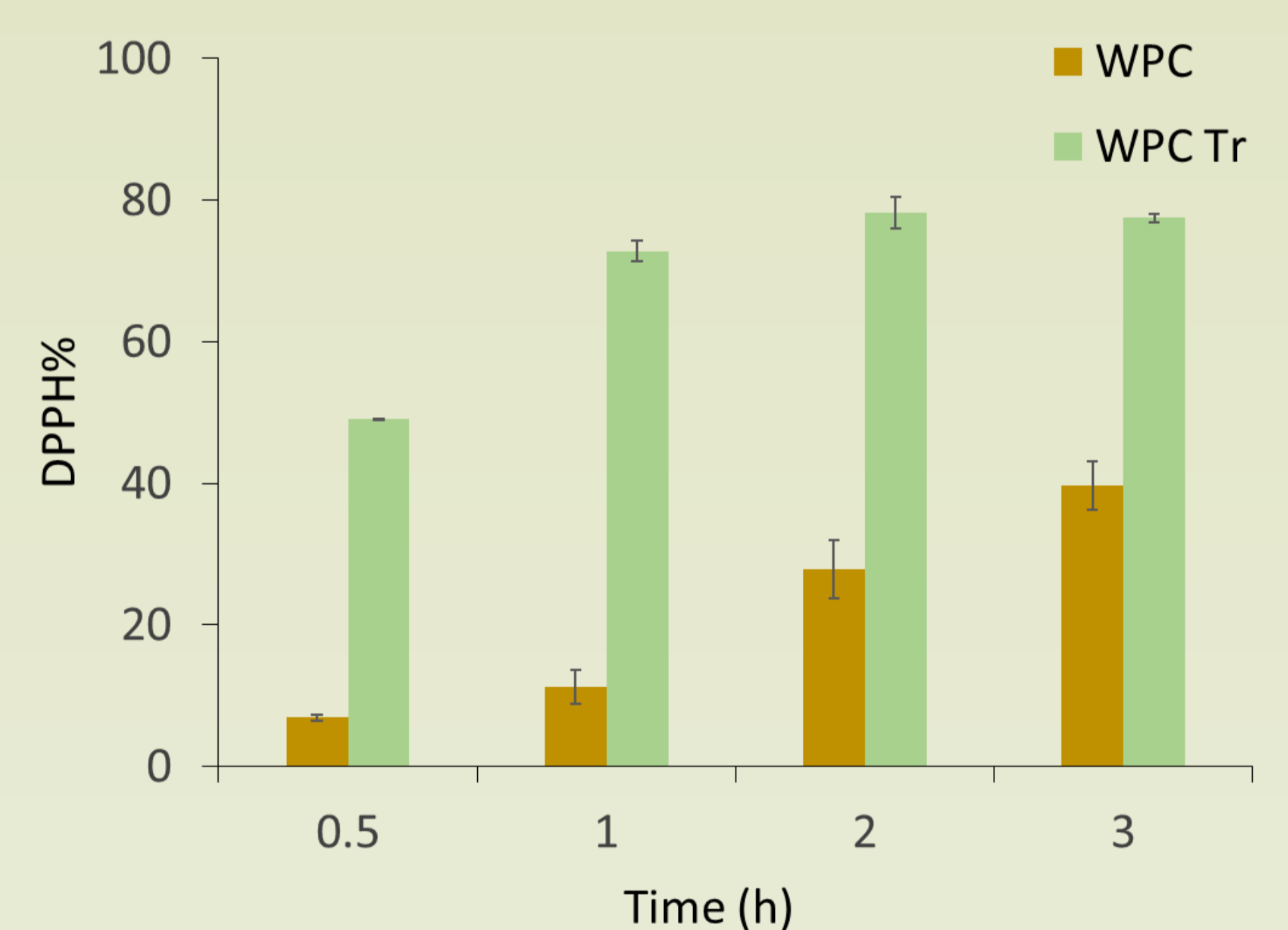
### Transparency



### Solubility & Swelling index



### Antioxidant activity



## Conclusions

- ✓ Physical properties of films supplemented with fungal biomass were identical to the control films
- ✓ Antioxidant activity of edible films was increased by the addition of *Trametes versicolor* biomass
- ✓ Films presented a time-dependent DPPH radical scavenging activity showing a maximum of 78.3% at 2 h
- ✓ This study presented the integrated valorization of cheese whey towards the development of edible films with antioxidant properties

## Acknowledgements

We acknowledge support of this work by the project "Monumental forests of the Ionian Islands as resource areas of biodiversity and high added-value mushrooms: mapping, recording, evaluation, networking, preservation and sustainable exploitation" (MIS 5033680) which is implemented under the Action "Protection of the environment and sustainable development" funded by the Operational Programme "Ionian Islands 2014-2020" and co-financed by Greece and the European Union (European Regional Development Fund).



Με τη συγχρηματοδότηση της Ελλάδας και της Ευρωπαϊκής Ένωσης