



UNIMORE
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI
MODENA E REGGIO EMILIA

Centro per il Miglioramento
e la Valorizzazione delle Risorse Biologiche
Agroalimentari - BIOGEST-SITEIA



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LEADING A REVOLUTION
IN BIOWASTE RECYCLING



The black soldier fly (*Hermetia illucens* L.) strategy within "SCALIBUR – Scalable technologies for bio-urban waste recovery" H2020 project

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The project

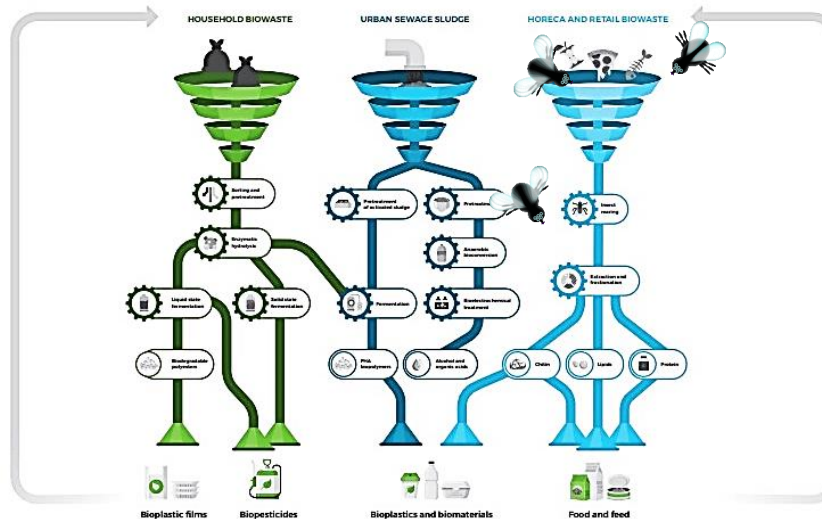
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WWW.SCALIBUR.EU

@SCALIBUR_H2020 SCALIBUR project

SCALABLE TECHNOLOGIES FOR BIO-URBAN WASTE RECOVERY Leading a revolution in biowaste recycling

Grant agreement ID: 817788
Overall budget € 11,728,483,61
EU contribution € 9,999,391,39
Kickoff – Nov 1st, 2018
End – Oct 31st, 2022



➤ Black soldier fly



Hermetia illucens
Mosca soldato
Black soldier fly

جندى أسود يطير
Mouche soldat noir



Advantages

Food waste management

Flexible technology

Water removal/mass reduction

Food waste bioconversion

steady composition of **protein**

modulable composition of **fat** and **chitin**

frass accumulation → fertilizer



Hermetia illucens
Black soldier fly

Advantages

Waste hierarchy



Using black soldier fly larvae to bio-convert food waste into high quality feed ingredients can be classified as **“PREVENTION”** therefore, it is preferred to anaerobic digestion (AD) as a method for organic food waste management in the waste hierarchy [1,2]

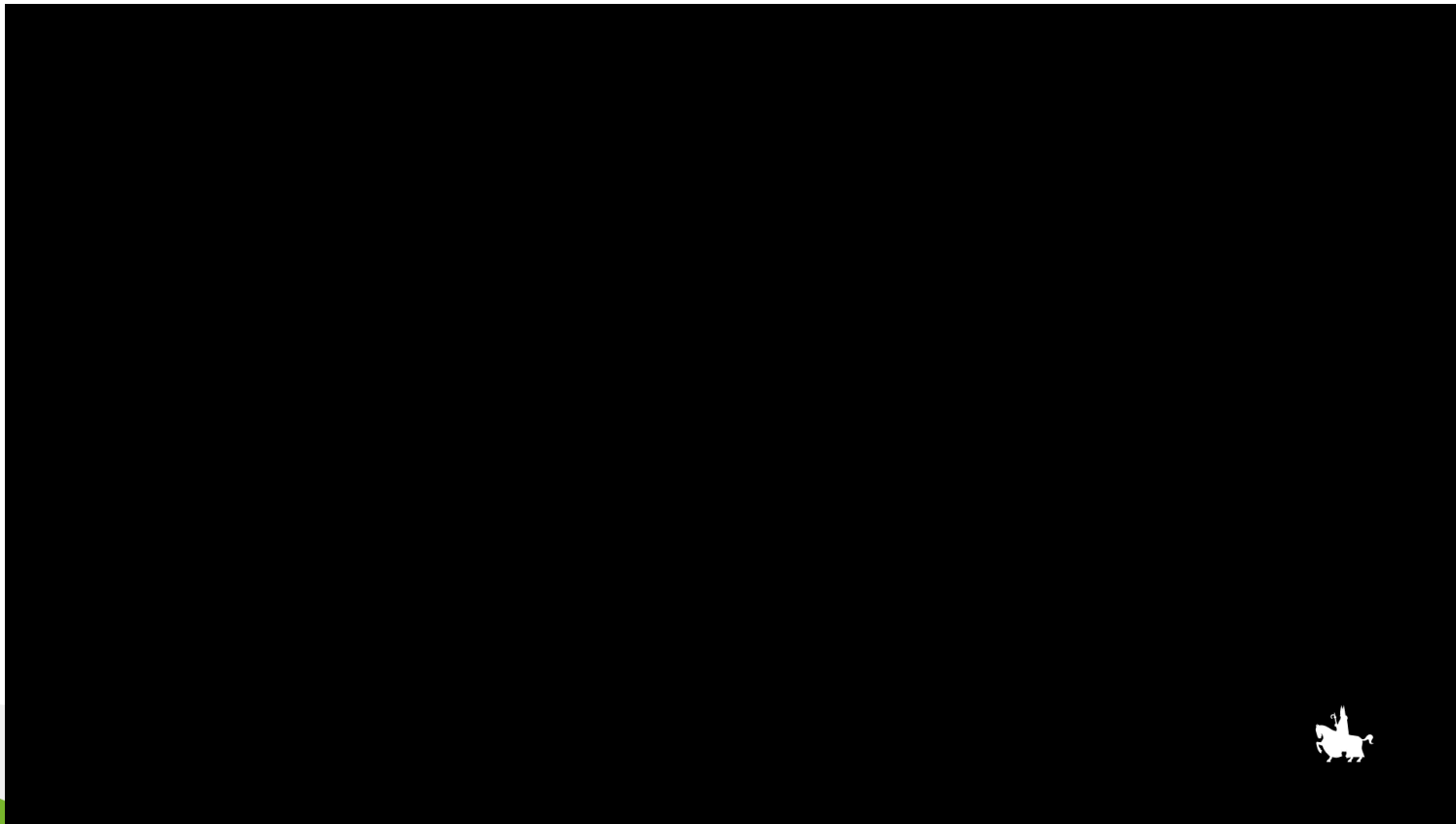
[1] European Commission. Directive 2008/98/EC of The European Parliament and of The Council of 19 November 2008 on Waste and Repealing Certain Directives; Official Journal of the European Union: Aberdeen, UK, 2008

[2] WRAP. Why Take Action: Legal/Policy Case. Available online: <http://www.wrap.org.uk/content/why-take-action-legalpolicy-case>

The substrate



➤ The pilot plant



The pilot plant

Sustainable Chemistry and Pharmacy 33 (2023) 101061



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](https://www.sciencedirect.com)

Sustainable Chemistry and Pharmacy

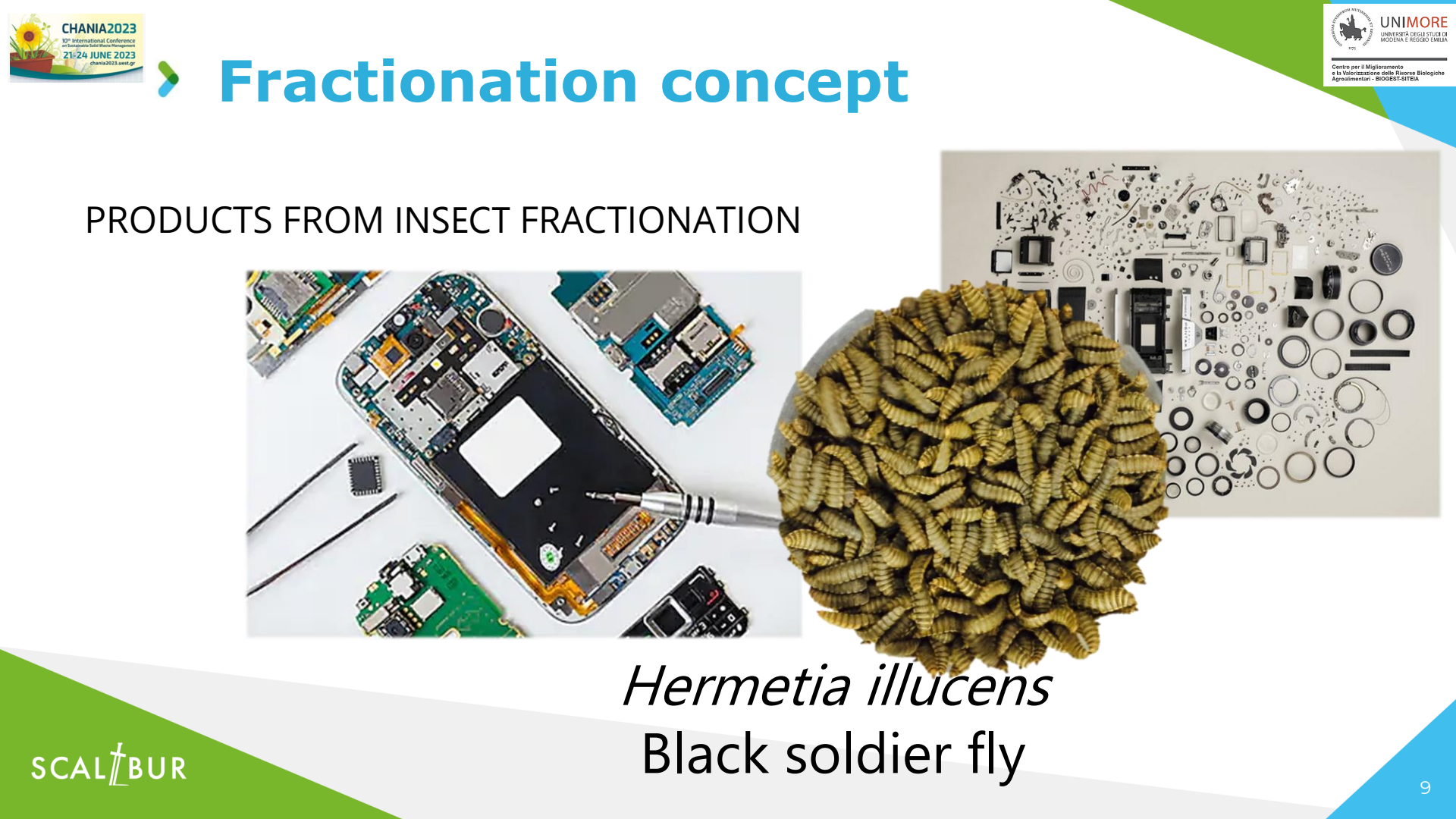
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/scp



Seasonal variability of the HO.RE.CA. food leftovers employed as a feeding substrate for black soldier fly (*Hermetia illucens* L.) larvae and effects on the rearing performance

Giuseppe Montecvecchi ^{a,b,*}, Laura Ioana Macavei ^{a,1}, Elena Zanelli ^a, Giacomo Benassi ^c, Giulia Pinotti ^a, Sara D'Arco ^a, Silvia Buffagni ^a, Francesca Masino ^{a,b}, Lara Maistrello ^{a,b}, Andrea Antonelli ^{a,b}





Fractionation concept

PRODUCTS FROM INSECT FRACTIONATION



Hermetia illucens
Black soldier fly



The optimization of the fractionation pilot plant

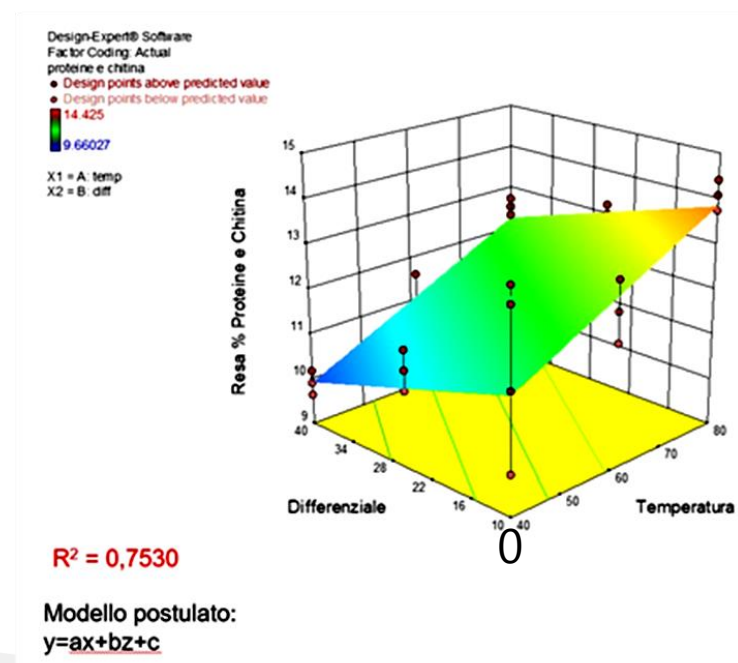
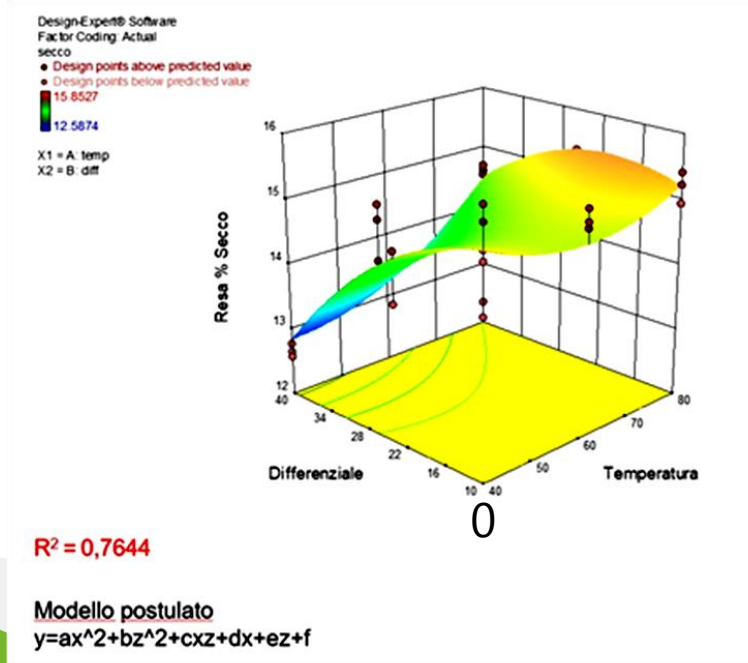
- Flow rate of the progressing screw pump - 10 L/h
- Drum speed - 8500 rpm (max)
- The critical parameters selected and evaluated were:
 - 1) **temperature** of the aqueous suspension of ground larvae
 - 2) **differential speed**, i.e. the difference in rotation speed between the drum and the cochlea (Archimedes screw)
- FDOE 3^n ($n = 2$) + 1 replication using average conditions

Sample	T (°C)	Δn
1	40	10
2	60	10
3	80	10
4	40	25
5	60	25
6	80	25
7	40	40
8	60	40
9	80	40
10	60	25

The optimization of the fractionation pilot plant

Solid raw material

Protein + chitin



LCA – Input and Output

HO.RE.CA. substrate - 121.2 kg

5-days old BSF larvae - 55 g

Mature BSF larvae - 20 kg

Substrate/larval biomass conversion factor - 10:1.65

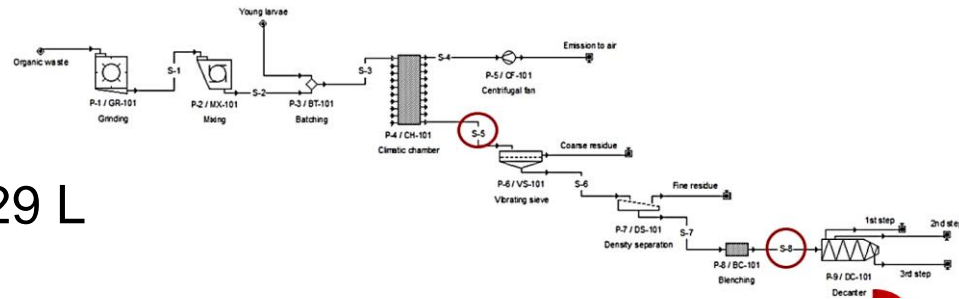
Solid residue - 1/3 Moisture - 2/3

Hot tap water (boiler) - 22.55 L

Tap water at room temperature - 22.29 L

NaOH pellet - 178.32 g

Hydrochloric acid (30-33%) - 2.23 kg



LCA - Power

using 0.25 €/kWh

Process	Equipment	Time (min)	Power (kWh)	kWh cost (€)
Larval killing and blanching	Larval blanching system	35	1.149	0.29
Larval mincing	Mincer	10	0.073	0.02
Homogenization and fat melting	D - Stirring system + heating	30	1.888	0.47
1 st decanter separation	D - Decanter + stirring system + heating	15	1.018	0.25
pH change (12.5) and protein solubilization	D - Decanter + stirring system + heating	120	7.550	1.89
2 nd decanter separation	D - Decanter + stirring system + heating	15	1.018	0.25
Protein precipitation	Fridge +4 °C	720	3.000	0.75
3 rd decanter separation	D - Decanter + stirring system	15	0.341	0.09
Entire process		960 (16 h)	16.036	4.01

Larval main components

PRODUCTS FROM INSECT FRACTIONATION



Hermetia illucens
Black soldier fly

Possible applications

PRODUCTS FROM INSECT FRACTIONATION

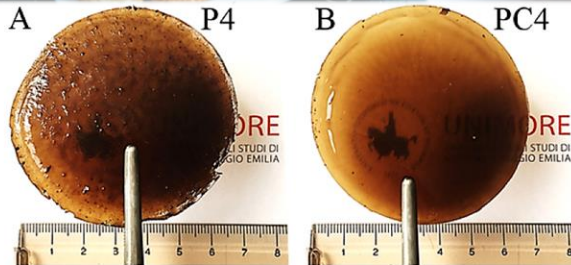
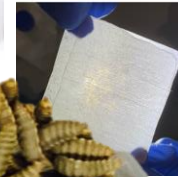
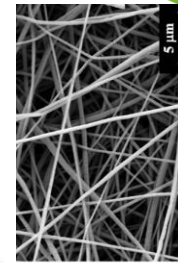


Fig. 1. Images of protein film obtained from film casting of protein solutions: film with whole proteins, P4 (A); film with soluble proteins, PC4 (B). Soluble protein films appear as more transparent and homogeneous with respect to whole protein films.



Hermetia illucens
Black soldier fly

The applications of isolated proteins for the preparation of food and feed

All **essential amino acids** were present in high enough quantities for human requirements (EAAI = 1.94).

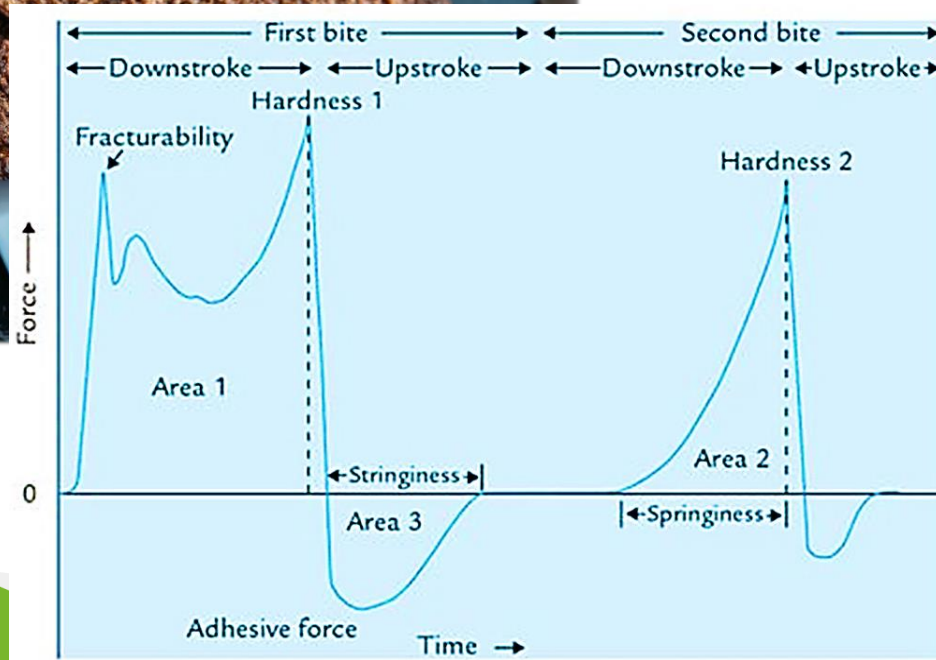


Other proteins:

- *Tenebrio molitor*, EAAI = 1.60
- *Zophobas morio*, EAAI = 1.66
- Pea, EAAI = 1.37
- Bean, EAAI = 1.34
- Soybean, EAAI = 1.56-1.85
- Casein, EAAI = 1.93



Meat analogues - Texture profile analysis



Hardness – Force to attain a given deformation

Popular terms: Soft - Firm - Hard

Cohesiveness – Extent to which a material can be deformed before its ruptures

Popular terms: Crumbly – Crunchy - Brittle

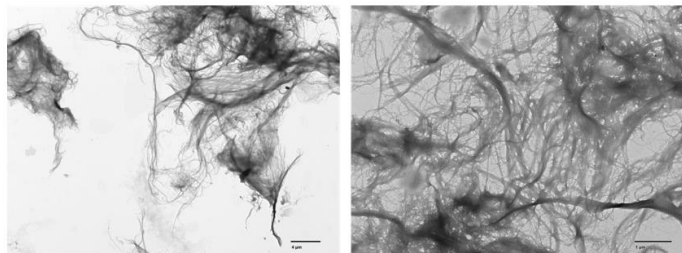
Springiness – Rate at which a deformed material goes to its undeformed condition after deforming force is removed

Popular terms: Plastic - Elastic

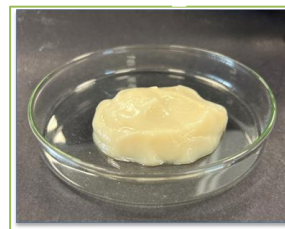
Chewiness - Energy required to masticate a solid food to a state ready for swallowing

Popular terms: Tender – Chewy - Tough

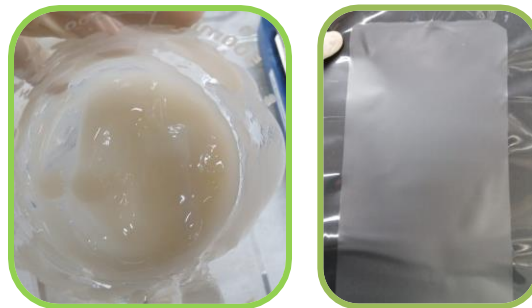
Validation and characterization of the chitin fraction



Chitin nanofibers

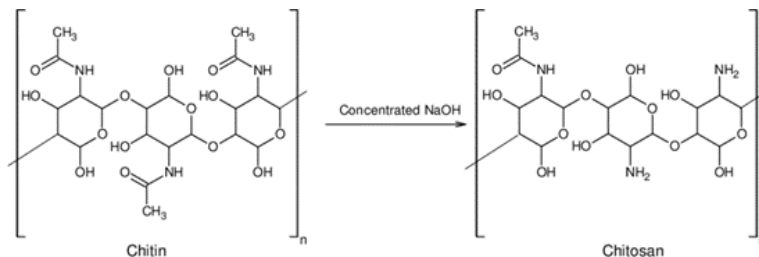


Additive in food packaging materials



Formulation of high-barrier coatings

Production, characterization, and validation of chitosan as raw material for plastic packaging



Reference	Tensile modulus (GPa)	Tensile strength (MPa)	Strain at break (%)
PLA	3.5	45	<3
PLA-CS5	3.7	47	6.8
PLA-CS10	4.1	48	5.2

- Chitosan was **compounded** with poly lactic acid by **melt extrusion**.
- The addition of 5 and 10 w/w of plasticized chitosan resulted in an **increase in the Young Modulus**, indicating a more rigid behavior of the blend formulations.
- Tensile strength did not significantly change by the presence of chitosan
- The **strain at break slightly increased**, probably due to the presence of glycerol in the blend formulation.



Chitosan obtained from chitin extracted from BSF

➤ Final remarks

The **critical parameters** of the decanter system have a significant effect on the separation yield:

- the **temperature** maintained at the upper level (80 °C) decreases the viscosity of the larval fat allowing a **better separation** from the solid phase
- the **differential speed** set to the minimum level (10) increases the residence time inside the drum-cochlea system, thus **facilitating the separation and dehydration** of the protein-chitin material

➤ Final remarks

Although still underway, the **LCA** shows that the cost to stabilize and fractionate a 20-kg pilot lot of BSF larvae is around 4 €

The scenarios published by authoritative organizations (WWF and Tesco) estimate that within a few years the **price of BSF larvae and their factions will become competitive compared with other protein sources currently used in animal feed**. Therefore, the completion of the LCA results will provide further elements to achieve an overall assessment

➤ Final remarks

The decanter system is an effective equipment to fractionate BSF larvae in a **continuous way**

With a **single device** it is possible to carry out the separation of the solid phase (chitin and proteins) from the liquid phase (fats and water) **without using solvents** and numerous lab equipments

It is suitable not only on a lab scale but is potentially **up-scalable** to be included in a wider local dimension with a look at an **economy of scale**, which is reflected in the **reduction of costs**

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Congrats

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SCALABLE TECHNOLOGIES FOR BIO-URBAN WASTE RECOVERY

Innovation Action (IA) Project

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SCALIBUR project

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This project received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement N° 817788

